

Spanish Guitar Music



*Standard Notation for 30 Spanish
Classics Arranged for Guitar,
Including:*

- ♣ Malagueña
- ♣ Spanish Romance
- ♣ Española
- ♣ Lágrima
- ♣ Mi Favorita
- ♣ And others



For a version of this book with tabs and notation, go to
<https://ClassicalGuitarShed.com/spanish-book/>

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This makes for fewer page turns mid-piece when printed or in two-page view.

Allegro

The first system of the musical score is written in 3/4 time. It consists of two staves. The upper staff is in treble clef and contains a melody of eighth notes, each beamed to a quarter note. The notes are G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4, C4, B3, A3, G3, F#3, E3, D3, C3, B2, A2, G2, F#2, E2, D2, C2, B1, A1, G1, F#1, E1, D1, C1, B0, A0, G0, F#0, E0, D0, C0, B-1, A-1, G-1, F#-1, E-1, D-1, C-1, B-2, A-2, G-2, F#-2, E-2, D-2, C-2, B-3, A-3, G-3, F#-3, E-3, D-3, C-3, B-4, A-4, G-4, F#-4, E-4, D-4, C-4, B-5, A-5, G-5, F#-5, E-5, D-5, C-5, B-6, A-6, G-6, F#-6, E-6, D-6, C-6, B-7, A-7, G-7, F#-7, E-7, D-7, C-7, B-8, A-8, G-8, F#-8, E-8, D-8, C-8, B-9, A-9, G-9, F#-9, E-9, D-9, C-9, B-10, A-10, G-10, F#-10, E-10, D-10, C-10, B-11, A-11, G-11, F#-11, E-11, D-11, C-11, B-12, A-12, G-12, F#-12, E-12, D-12, C-12, B-13, A-13, G-13, F#-13, E-13, D-13, C-13, B-14, A-14, G-14, F#-14, E-14, D-14, C-14, B-15, A-15, G-15, F#-15, E-15, D-15, C-15, B-16, A-16, G-16, F#-16, E-16, D-16, C-16, B-17, A-17, G-17, F#-17, E-17, D-17, C-17, B-18, A-18, G-18, F#-18, E-18, D-18, C-18, B-19, A-19, G-19, F#-19, E-19, D-19, C-19, B-20, A-20, G-20, F#-20, E-20, D-20, C-20, B-21, A-21, G-21, F#-21, E-21, D-21, C-21, B-22, A-22, G-22, F#-22, E-22, D-22, C-22, B-23, A-23, G-23, F#-23, E-23, D-23, C-23, B-24, A-24, G-24, F#-24, E-24, D-24, C-24, B-25, A-25, G-25, F#-25, E-25, D-25, C-25, B-26, A-26, G-26, F#-26, E-26, D-26, C-26, B-27, A-27, G-27, F#-27, E-27, D-27, C-27, B-28, A-28, G-28, F#-28, E-28, D-28, C-28, B-29, A-29, G-29, F#-29, E-29, D-29, C-29, B-30, A-30, G-30, F#-30, E-30, D-30, C-30, B-31, A-31, G-31, F#-31, E-31, D-31, C-31, B-32, A-32, G-32, F#-32, E-32, D-32, C-32, B-33, A-33, G-33, F#-33, E-33, D-33, C-33, B-34, A-34, G-34, F#-34, E-34, D-34, C-34, B-35, A-35, G-35, F#-35, E-35, D-35, C-35, B-36, A-36, G-36, F#-36, E-36, D-36, C-36, B-37, A-37, G-37, F#-37, E-37, D-37, C-37, B-38, A-38, G-38, F#-38, E-38, D-38, C-38, B-39, A-39, G-39, F#-39, E-39, D-39, C-39, B-40, A-40, G-40, F#-40, E-40, D-40, C-40, B-41, A-41, G-41, F#-41, E-41, D-41, C-41, B-42, A-42, G-42, F#-42, E-42, D-42, C-42, B-43, A-43, G-43, F#-43, E-43, D-43, C-43, B-44, A-44, G-44, F#-44, E-44, D-44, C-44, B-45, A-45, G-45, F#-45, E-45, D-45, C-45, B-46, A-46, G-46, F#-46, E-46, D-46, C-46, B-47, A-47, G-47, F#-47, E-47, D-47, C-47, B-48, A-48, G-48, F#-48, E-48, D-48, C-48, B-49, A-49, G-49, F#-49, E-49, D-49, C-49, B-50, A-50, G-50, F#-50, E-50, D-50, C-50, B-51, A-51, G-51, F#-51, E-51, D-51, C-51, B-52, A-52, G-52, F#-52, E-52, D-52, C-52, B-53, A-53, G-53, F#-53, E-53, D-53, C-53, B-54, A-54, G-54, F#-54, E-54, D-54, C-54, B-55, A-55, G-55, F#-55, E-55, D-55, C-55, B-56, A-56, G-56, F#-56, E-56, D-56, C-56, B-57, A-57, G-57, F#-57, E-57, D-57, C-57, B-58, A-58, G-58, F#-58, E-58, D-58, C-58, B-59, A-59, G-59, F#-59, E-59, D-59, C-59, B-60, A-60, G-60, F#-60, E-60, D-60, C-60, B-61, A-61, G-61, F#-61, E-61, D-61, C-61, B-62, A-62, G-62, F#-62, E-62, D-62, C-62, B-63, A-63, G-63, F#-63, E-63, D-63, C-63, B-64, A-64, G-64, F#-64, E-64, D-64, C-64, B-65, A-65, G-65, F#-65, E-65, D-65, C-65, B-66, A-66, G-66, F#-66, E-66, D-66, C-66, B-67, A-67, G-67, F#-67, E-67, D-67, C-67, B-68, A-68, G-68, F#-68, E-68, D-68, C-68, B-69, A-69, G-69, F#-69, E-69, D-69, C-69, B-70, A-70, G-70, F#-70, E-70, D-70, C-70, B-71, A-71, G-71, F#-71, E-71, D-71, C-71, B-72, A-72, G-72, F#-72, E-72, D-72, C-72, B-73, A-73, G-73, F#-73, E-73, D-73, C-73, B-74, A-74, G-74, F#-74, E-74, D-74, C-74, B-75, A-75, G-75, F#-75, E-75, D-75, C-75, B-76, A-76, G-76, F#-76, E-76, D-76, C-76, B-77, A-77, G-77, F#-77, E-77, D-77, C-77, B-78, A-78, G-78, F#-78, E-78, D-78, C-78, B-79, A-79, G-79, F#-79, E-79, D-79, C-79, B-80, A-80, G-80, F#-80, E-80, D-80, C-80, B-81, A-81, G-81, F#-81, E-81, D-81, C-81, B-82, A-82, G-82, F#-82, E-82, D-82, C-82, B-83, A-83, G-83, F#-83, E-83, D-83, C-83, B-84, A-84, G-84, F#-84, E-84, D-84, C-84, B-85, A-85, G-85, F#-85, E-85, D-85, C-85, B-86, A-86, G-86, F#-86, E-86, D-86, C-86, B-87, A-87, G-87, F#-87, E-87, D-87, C-87, B-88, A-88, G-88, F#-88, E-88, D-88, C-88, B-89, A-89, G-89, F#-89, E-89, D-89, C-89, B-90, A-90, G-90, F#-90, E-90, D-90, C-90, B-91, A-91, G-91, F#-91, E-91, D-91, C-91, B-92, A-92, G-92, F#-92, E-92, D-92, C-92, B-93, A-93, G-93, F#-93, E-93, D-93, C-93, B-94, A-94, G-94, F#-94, E-94, D-94, C-94, B-95, A-95, G-95, F#-95, E-95, D-95, C-95, B-96, A-96, G-96, F#-96, E-96, D-96, C-96, B-97, A-97, G-97, F#-97, E-97, D-97, C-97, B-98, A-98, G-98, F#-98, E-98, D-98, C-98, B-99, A-99, G-99, F#-99, E-99, D-99, C-99, B-100, A-100, G-100, F#-100, E-100, D-100, C-100, B-101, A-101, G-101, F#-101, E-101, D-101, C-101, B-102, A-102, G-102, F#-102, E-102, D-102, C-102, B-103, A-103, G-103, F#-103, E-103, D-103, C-103, B-104, A-104, G-104, F#-104, E-104, D-104, C-104, B-105, A-105, G-105, F#-105, E-105, D-105, C-105, B-106, A-106, G-106, F#-106, E-106, D-106, C-106, B-107, A-107, G-107, F#-107, E-107, D-107, C-107, B-108, A-108, G-108, F#-108, E-108, D-108, C-108, B-109, A-109, G-1

10

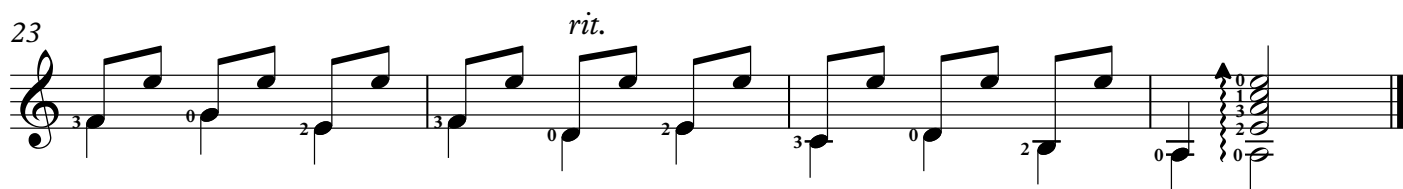
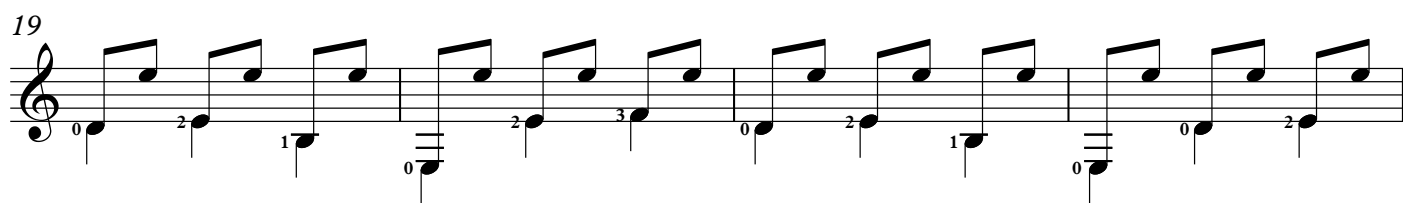
0 2 3 0 2 1 0 2 3

13

Exercise 13 is written on a single staff with a treble clef. It consists of two measures. The first measure contains four eighth notes with fingerings 0, 2, 1, and 0. The second measure contains four eighth notes with fingerings 1, 0, 2, and 3, followed by a final eighth note with fingering 0. The notes are beamed in pairs.

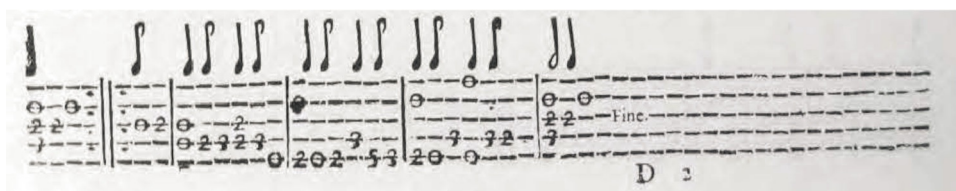
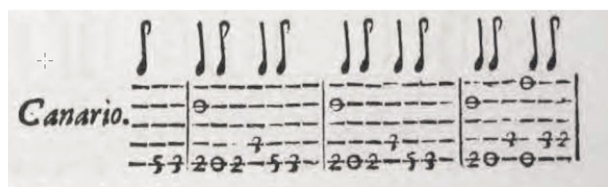
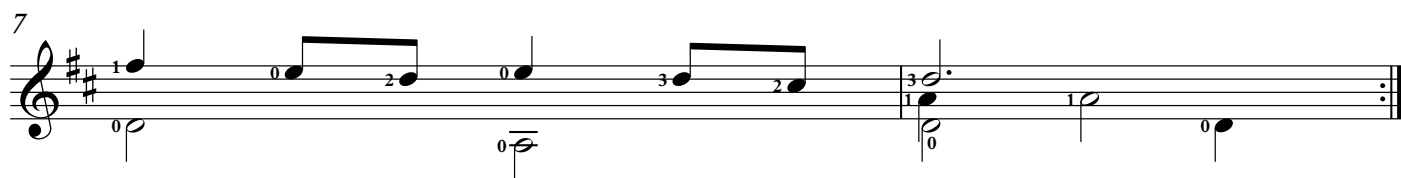
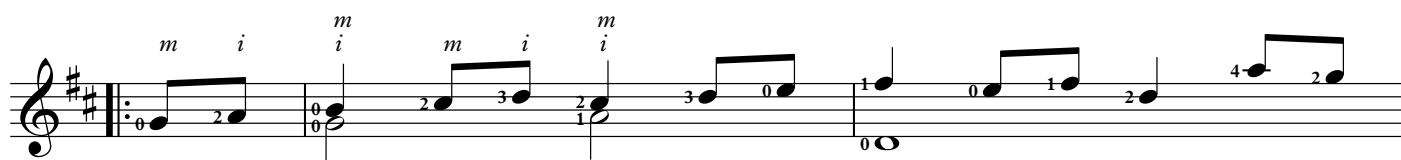
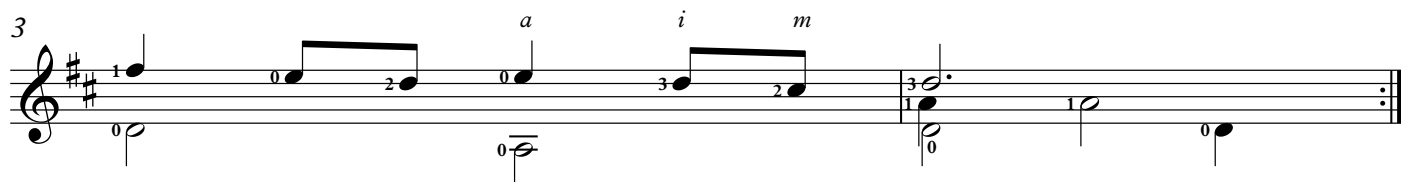
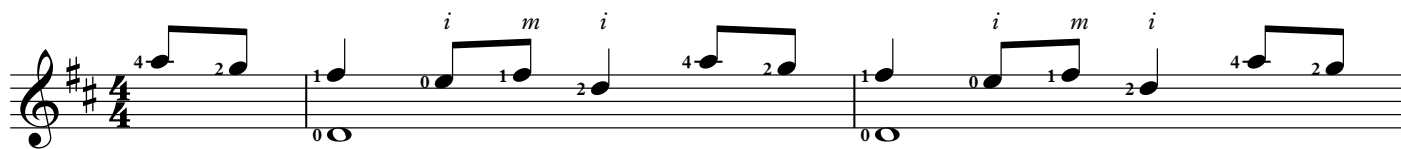
16

Musical notation for exercise 16, measures 1-4. The notation is on a single staff with a treble clef. It consists of eighth notes with upward stems, grouped in pairs. The notes are on the second, third, and fourth lines of the staff. The fingering numbers 2, 3, 0, 2, 3, 2, 0, 2, 3 are written below the notes. The first measure contains the first six notes (2, 3, 0, 2, 3, 2), the second measure contains the next three notes (0, 2, 3), and the third measure contains the final two notes (2, 3). The fourth measure is empty.



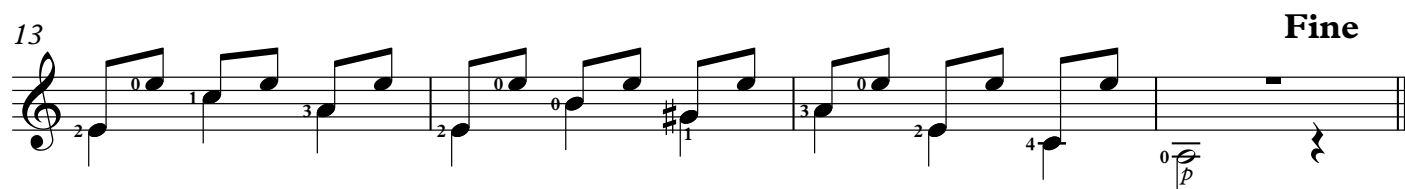
Canario

Carlo Calvi
(1646)



Spanish Dance

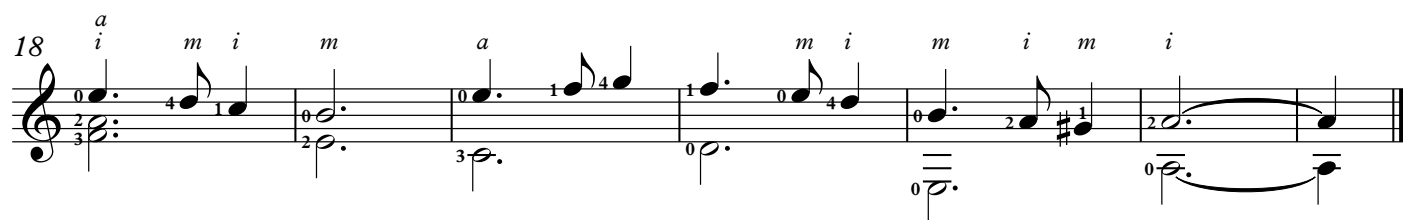
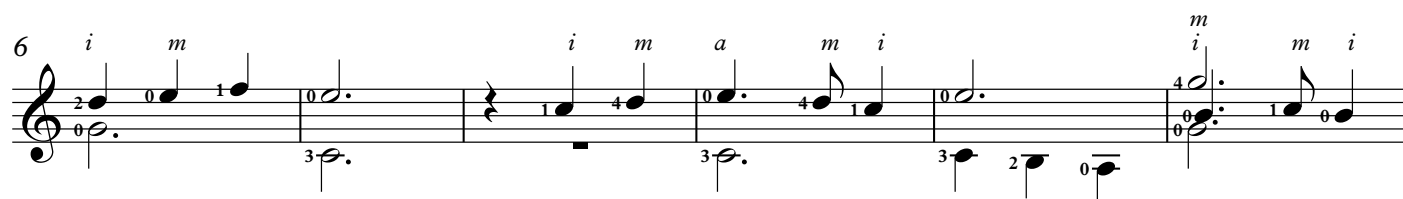
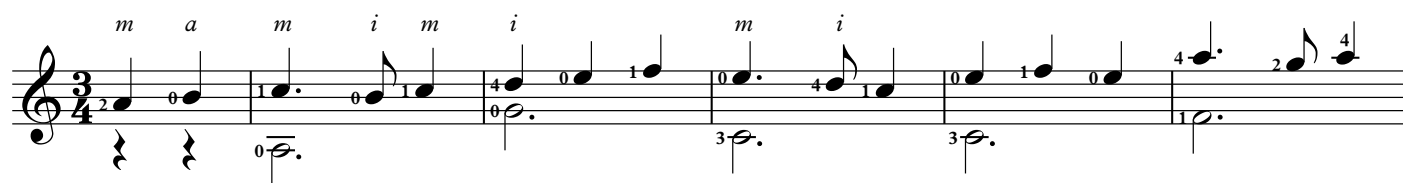
Spanish traditional



Españoleta

Gaspar Sanz
(1640-1710)

Grazioso ♩ = 104 - 116



Molondron

Traditional
Spanish

m i m i m i m i m i m - i m

6

m i m i m

m i m i

10

14

18

22

1. 2. arm XII ① ② ③

Ejercicio

Allegro moderato (♩ = 84 - 100)

José Ferrer
(1835-1916)

The musical score is written for guitar in 3/4 time, key of D major (one sharp). It consists of four staves of music, each starting with a measure number (1, 5, 9, 13). The notation includes various guitar-specific elements:

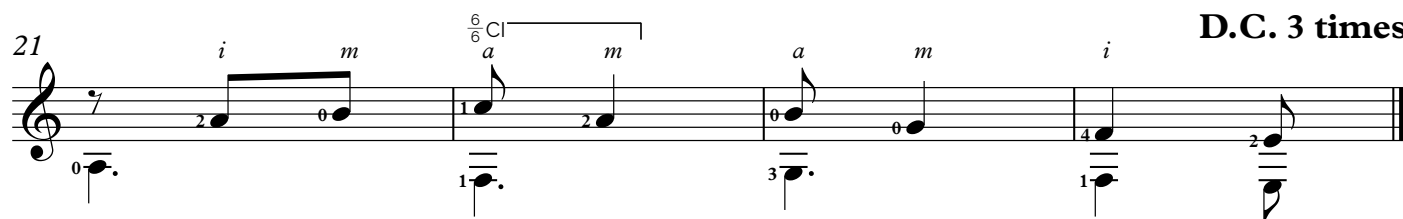
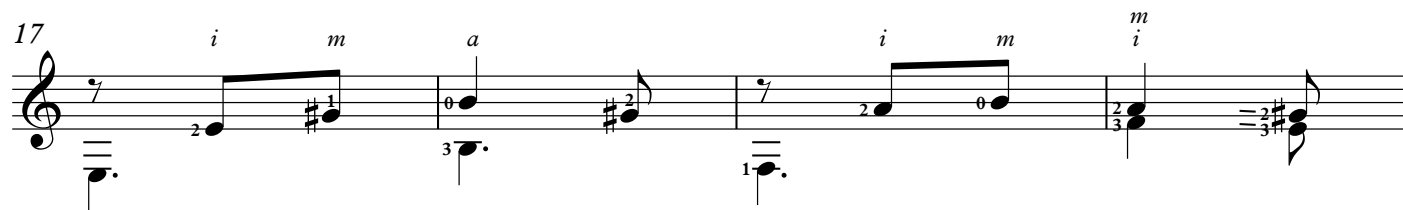
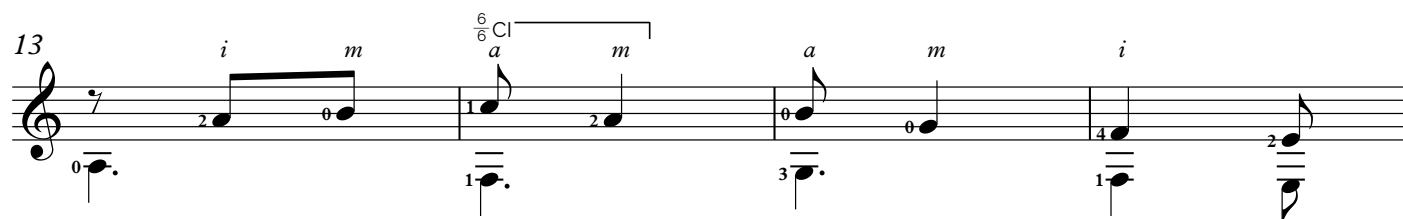
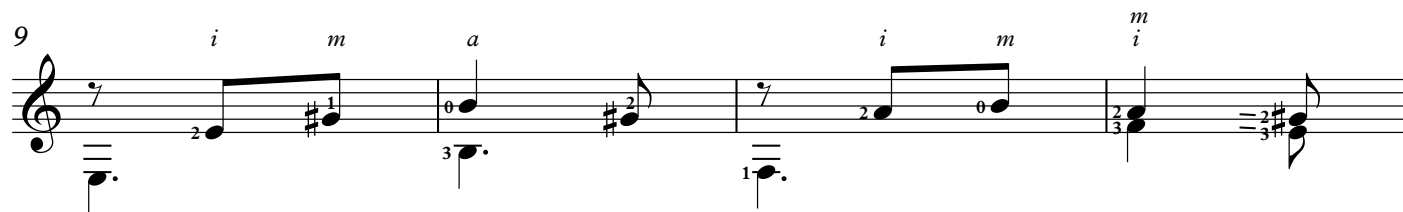
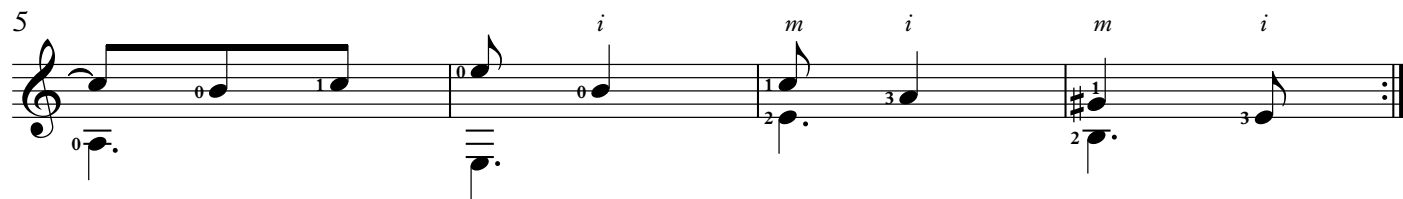
- Staff 1 (Measures 1-4):** Starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. Measures 1-4 contain chords and single notes with fingering (0, 1, 2, 3) and breath marks (*p*, *m*, *i*). Measure 1 has a 3-fingered chord on the bass line.
- Staff 2 (Measures 5-8):** Continues the piece. Measure 5 has a 5-measure rest. Measures 6-8 include chords and single notes with fingering and breath marks.
- Staff 3 (Measures 9-12):** Measure 9 has a 4-measure rest. Measures 10-12 include chords and single notes with fingering and breath marks.
- Staff 4 (Measures 13-16):** Measure 13 has a 2-measure rest. Measures 14-16 include chords and single notes with fingering and breath marks.

The score concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots at the end of the fourth staff.

El Vito

Traditional folk song
and dance music
of Andalusia

Allegretto

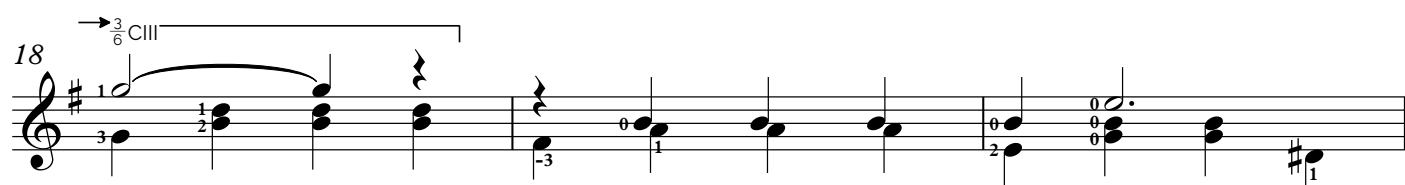
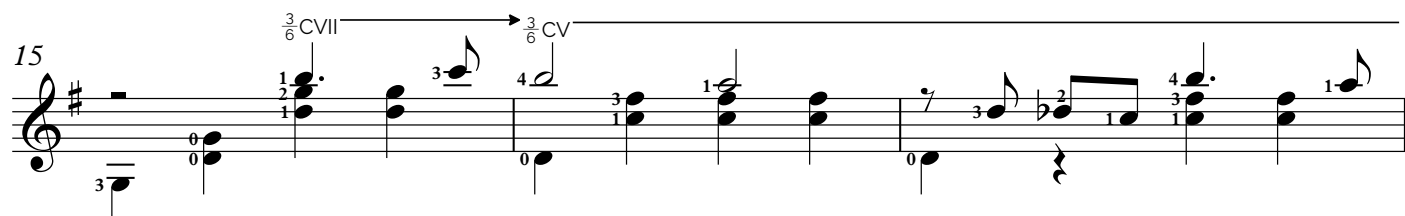
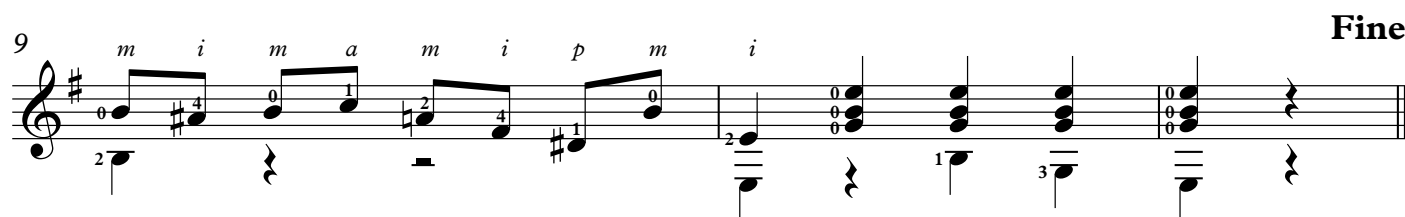


D.C. 3 times

Nostalgia

Op. 19, N° 5

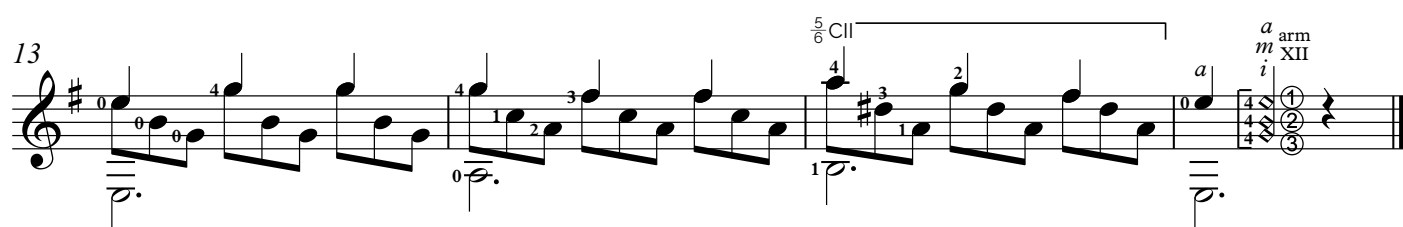
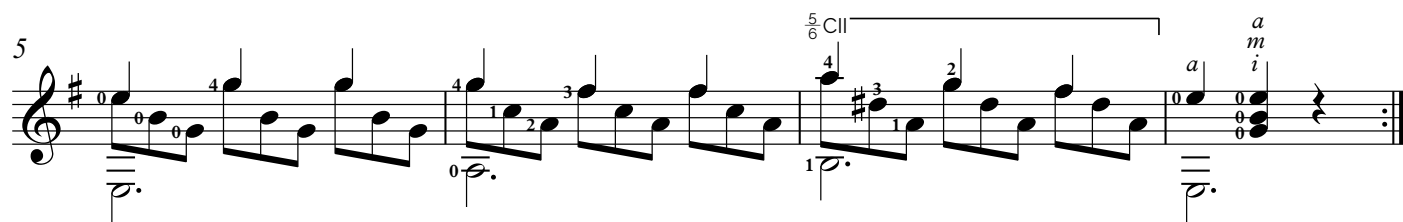
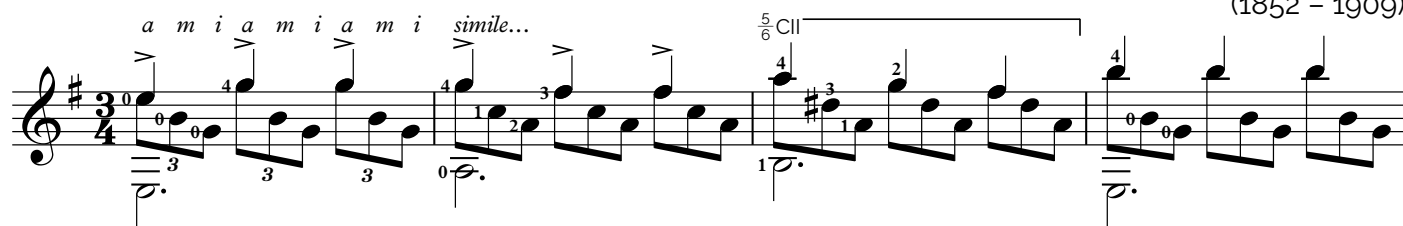
Julio Salvador Sagreras
(1879-1942)



Etude in E-minor

12 studies, N° 2

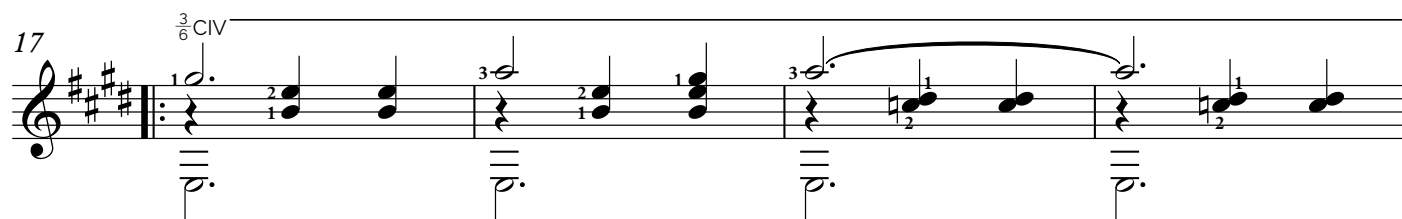
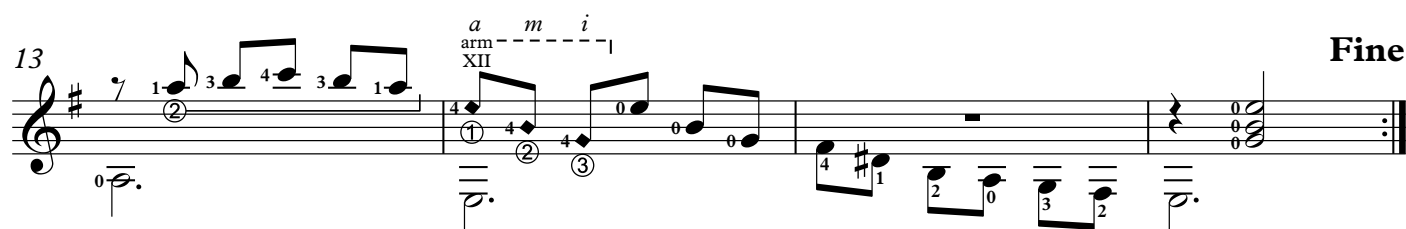
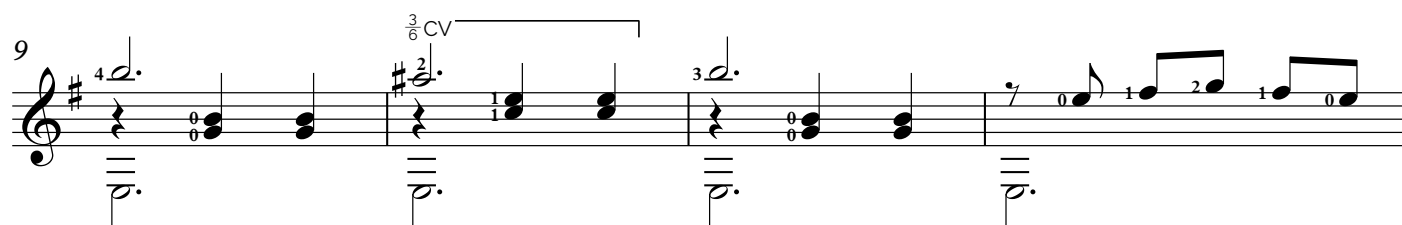
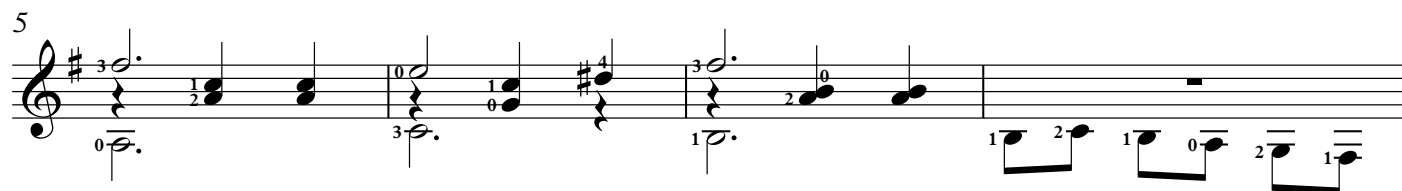
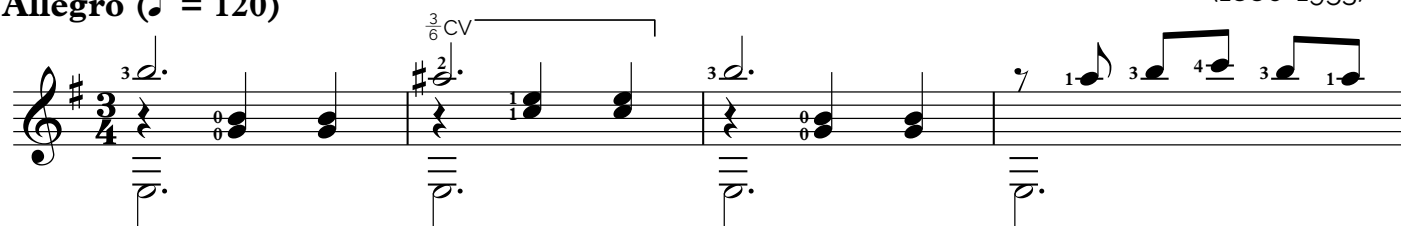
Francisco Tárrega
(1852 – 1909)



Plegaria

Guillermo Gómez
(1880-1953)

Allegro (♩ = 120)



25

$\frac{3}{6}$ CIV

$\frac{3}{6}$ CV

29

$\frac{3}{6}$ CIV

$\frac{5}{6}$ CII

D.C. al Fine

Folias

Gaspar Sanz
(1640-1710)

Moderato (♩ = 100)

The musical score for "Folias" by Gaspar Sanz is presented in a single system. It begins with a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked "Moderato" with a quarter note equal to 100 beats per minute. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The score is divided into two main sections, A and B, indicated by boxed letters. Section A starts at measure 1 and ends at measure 12. Section B starts at measure 17 and ends at measure 24. The score includes various guitar-specific notations such as fingerings (a, m, i), trills (tr), and ornaments (Cl). The piece is divided into measures 1 through 24, with measures 13-16 and 21-24 being repeat signs.

21

25

29

33

37

41

45 $\frac{5}{6}$ CIII) *m* *a* *tr* 3-4 *m i m m* *a i* $\frac{4}{6}$ CIII *a i*

49 **D** *i m i m i* *a m i m i m* *i m a m i* *a m i a m i*

53 *a* *m i m i m* *i m i m i* *a m i m* $\frac{3}{6}$ CII *a m*

57 *i m i m i* *a m i m i m* *i m a m i* *a m i a m i*

61 *a* *m i m i* *a m i m i m* *i* $\star$)

★ – optional: repeat A section

Solemne

4

7

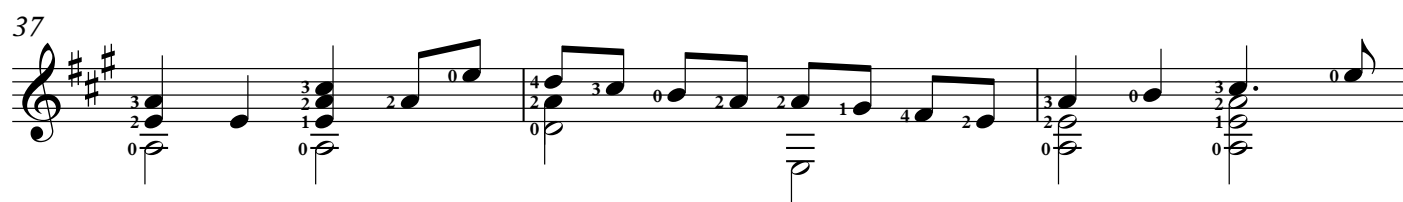
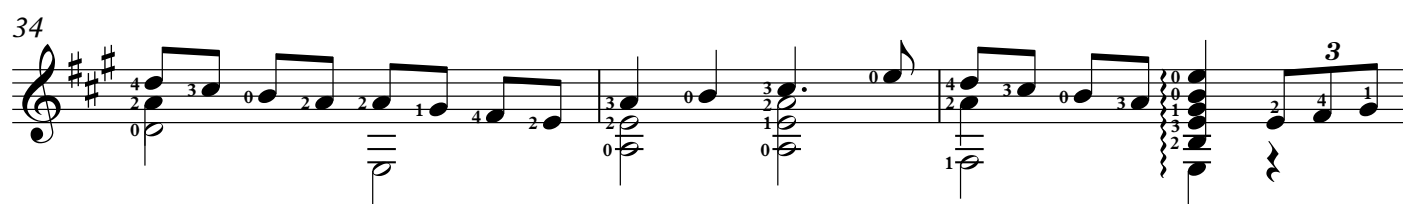
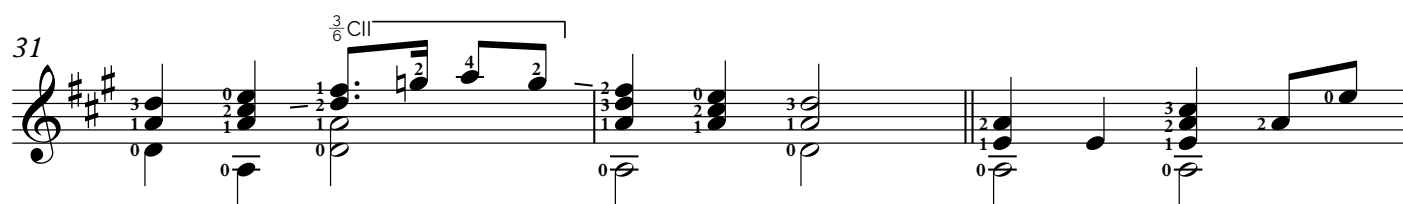
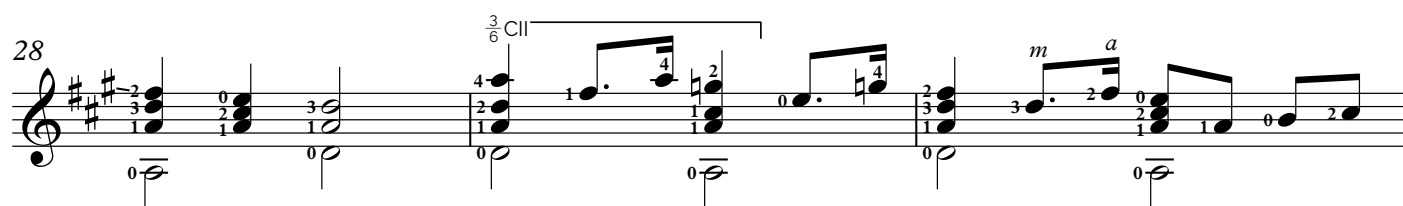
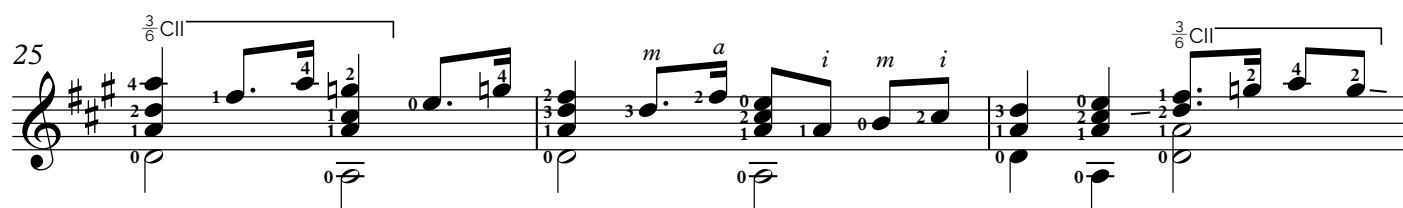
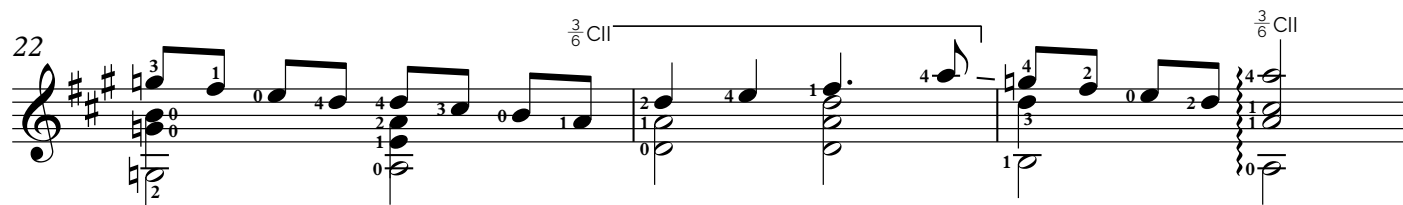
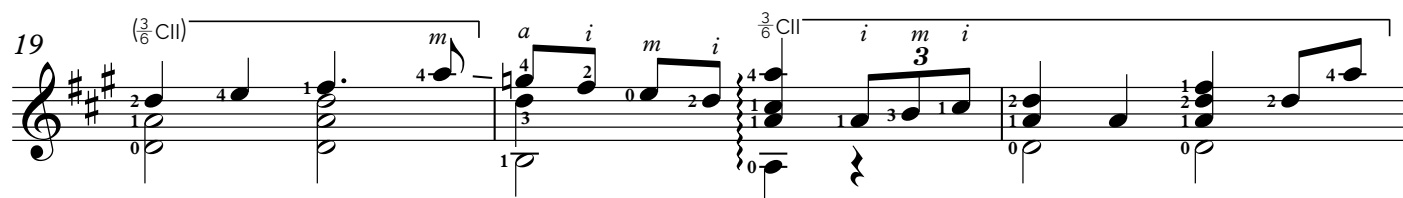
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13

16

3/6 CII

3/6 CII





Mi Favorita

Mazurka for Guitar

Anonymous

Allegretto

★ - 4th finger in the L.H. from last §

24 $\frac{4}{6}$ CIV

28 $\frac{4}{6}$ CIV

32 $\frac{4}{6}$ CVII

36 $\frac{6}{6}$ CVII **D.S. al Coda**

40 $\frac{6}{6}$ CII

44 $\frac{6}{6}$ CII

Romance del Pescador

Manuel de Falla
(1876-1946)

arr. Zak Pleet

Andante molto tranquillo

The musical score is written for guitar in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major. It features six staves of music with various fingering and articulation markings.

Staff 1 (Measures 1-4): Starts with a 3/6 CX marking. Notes are marked with *a*, *m*, *m*, *m*, *m*, *i*, *p*. Fingering includes 4, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 4. A repeat sign is present at the end of the staff.

Staff 2 (Measures 5-8): Continues the melody with notes marked *a*, *i*, *m*, *i*, *a*, *a*. Fingering includes 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4. A repeat sign is present at the end of the staff.

Staff 3 (Measures 9-12): Notes are marked *a*, *m*, *i*, *p*, *m*, *i*, *p*. Fingering includes 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4. A repeat sign is present at the end of the staff.

Staff 4 (Measures 13-16): Notes are marked *i*, *m*, *i*, *m*, *p*. Fingering includes 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4. A repeat sign is present at the end of the staff.

Staff 5 (Measures 17-20): Notes are marked *a*, *m*, *i*, *a*, *m*, *i*, *a*, *m*, *a*, *i*, *a*, *m*, *i*. Fingering includes 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4. A repeat sign is present at the end of the staff.

Staff 6 (Measures 21-24): Continues the melody with notes marked *a*, *m*, *i*, *a*, *m*, *i*, *a*, *m*, *a*, *i*, *a*, *m*, *i*. Fingering includes 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4. A repeat sign is present at the end of the staff.

The first system of the musical score is written on a single staff in G major (one sharp) and 3/8 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto' and the time signature is '3/8'. The system contains 25 measures. The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings such as 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

29 $\frac{3}{6}$ CX

poco rit.

a tempo

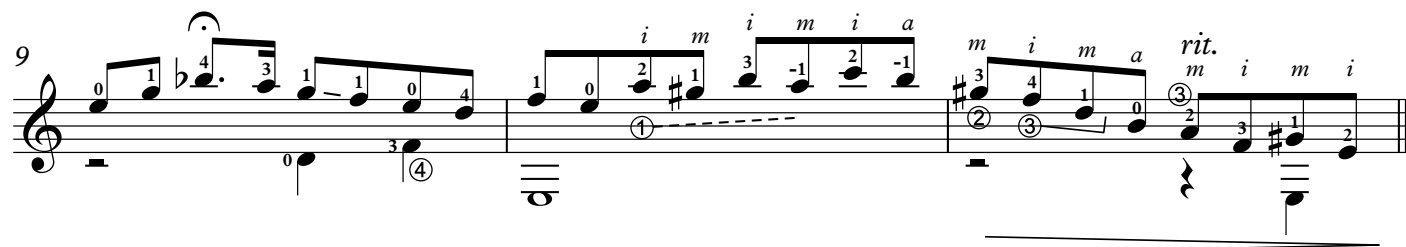
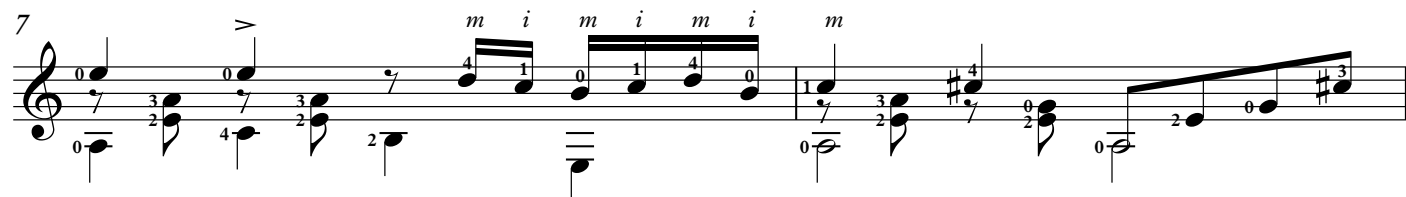
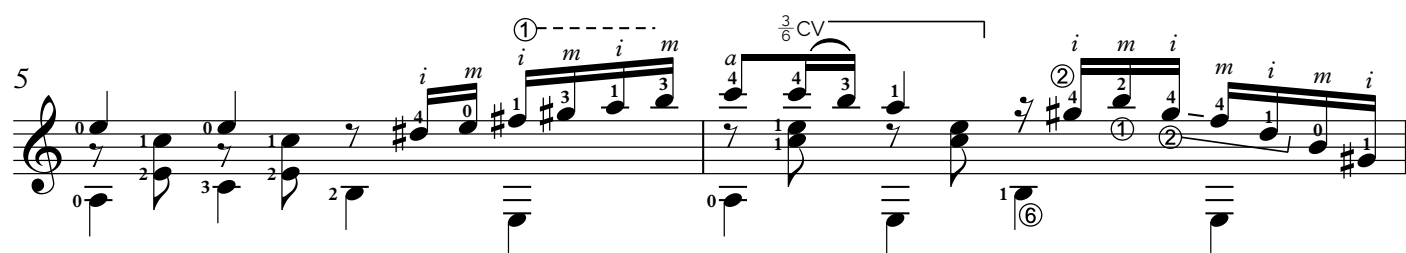
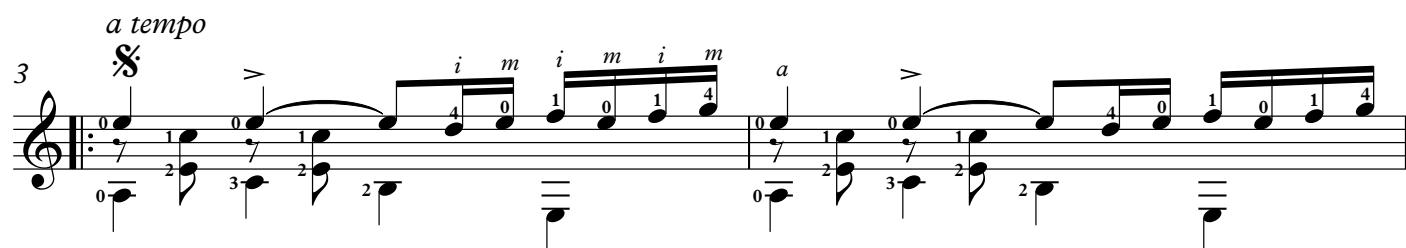
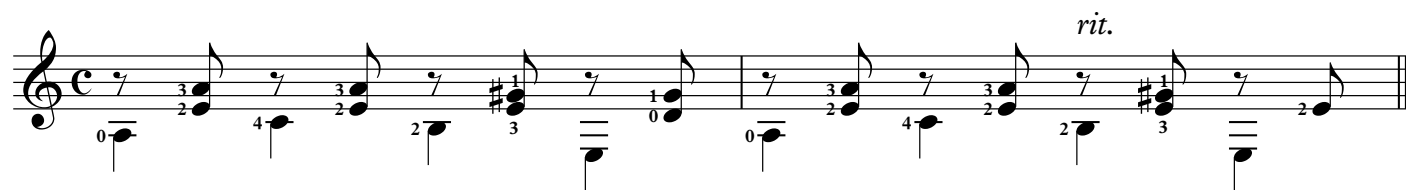
The musical score for this section is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 3/6, with a 'CX' marking above it. The tempo is marked 'poco rit.' (poco ritardando). The music consists of a series of chords and single notes, with some chords marked with numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. The tempo then changes to 'a tempo' (allegretto). The music continues with a series of chords and single notes, with some chords marked with numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. The section ends with a double bar line.

Capricho Árabe

(Simplified Arrangement in A-minor)

Francisco Tárrega
(1852 – 1909)

Andantino (♩ = 70)



To Coda



15

17

19

21

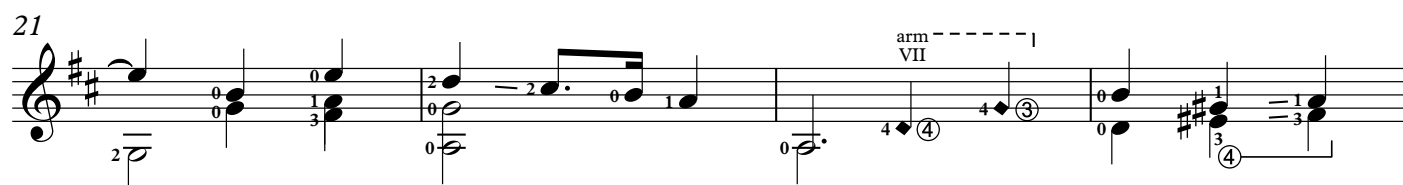
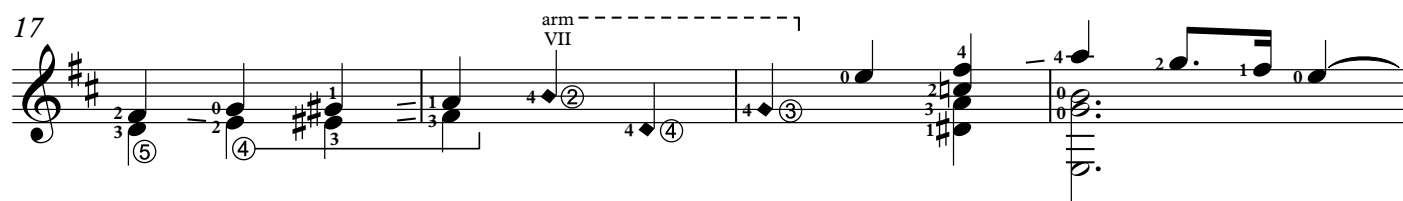
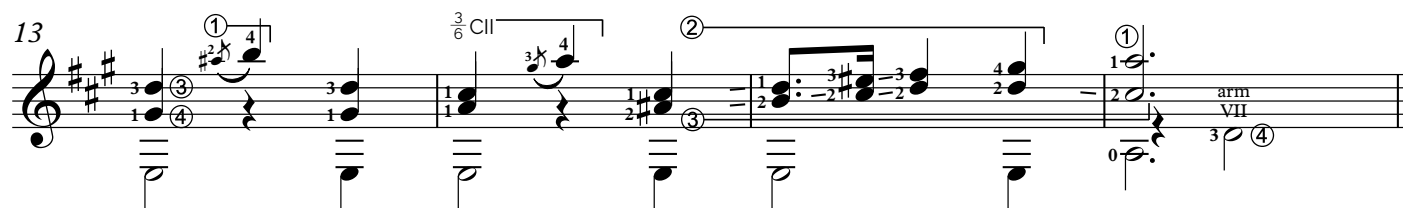
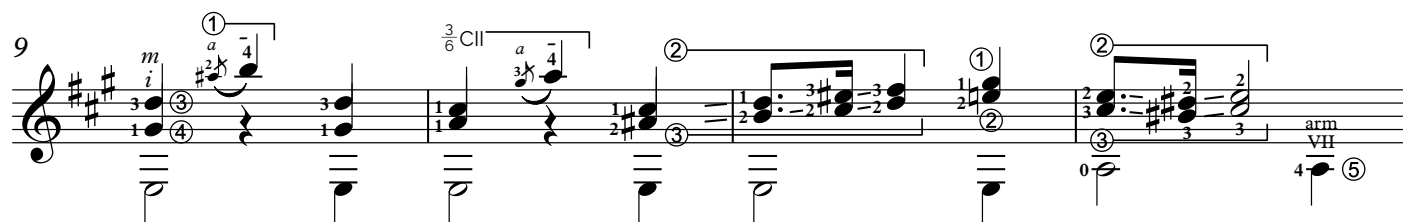
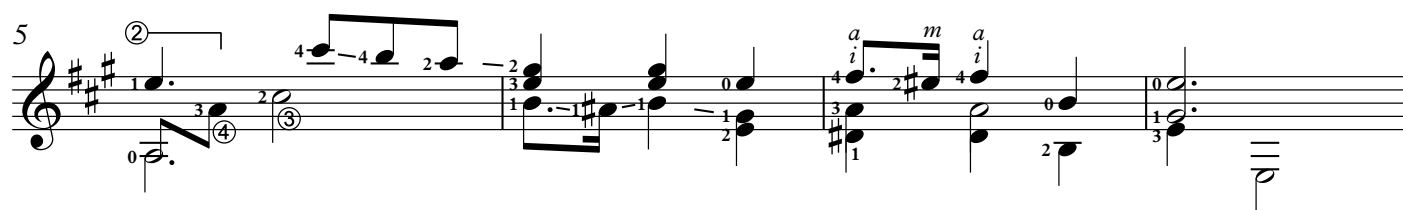
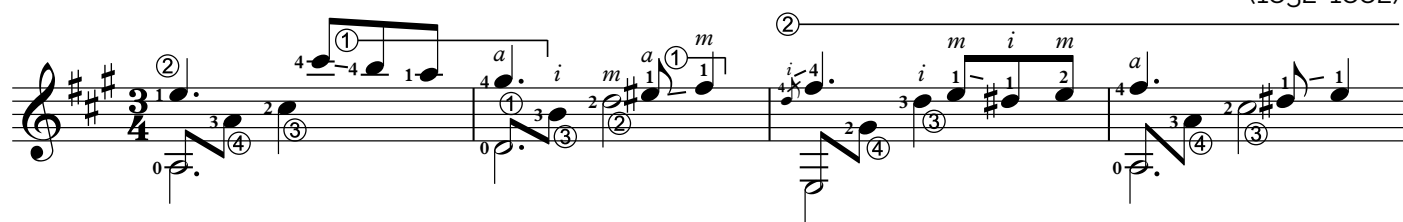
23

★ – it can be played with the right hand

La Saltarina

Polka Mazurca

Julián Arcas
(1832-1882)



25

arm VII

29

a i

Una Flor

(Mazurka)

José Brocá
(1805-1882)

Moderato

⑥ = D

3/6 CVII

5

3/6 CVII

HBV

arm VII

9

3/6 CII

13

4/6 CV

arm V

Fine

17

dolce

p - *i* *m* *a* *i* *m* *i* *p*

4/6 CX

4/6 CVII

21

3/6 CVII

arm XII

25

29

33

37

D.C. al Fine

5/6 CII

2/6 CX

4/6 CV

4/6 CX

4/6 CVII

2/6 CIII

Lágrima

Tear (Prelude)

Francisco Tárrega
(1852 – 1909)

Andante

m i m i m i a m i m

a m i m

Fine

D.C. al Fine

Adelita

Francisco Tárrega
(1852–1909)

Lento

First system of musical notation (measures 1-4). The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked 'Lento'. The notation includes fingerings (e.g., 4, 1, 2, 3, 4), dynamics (p, m), and articulation (accents, slurs). A bracket labeled $\frac{6}{6}$ CVII spans measures 3 and 4.

Second system of musical notation (measures 5-8). The notation continues with fingerings, dynamics, and articulation. A bracket labeled $\frac{6}{6}$ CVII spans measures 7 and 8. The system ends with a double bar line and the word 'Fine'.

Third system of musical notation (measures 9-12). The notation includes fingerings, dynamics, and articulation. A bracket labeled $\frac{3}{6}$ CIV spans measures 9 and 10. A bracket labeled $\frac{5}{6}$ CIX spans measures 11 and 12. A bracket labeled $\frac{6}{6}$ CVII spans measures 11 and 12.

Fourth system of musical notation (measures 13-16). The notation includes fingerings, dynamics, and articulation. A bracket labeled $\frac{6}{6}$ CVIII spans measures 14 and 15. A bracket labeled $\frac{5}{6}$ CII spans measures 15 and 16. The system ends with a double bar line and the instruction 'D.C. al Fine'.

La Paloma

Sebastián Yradier
(1809-1865)

Moderately

5

9

13

17

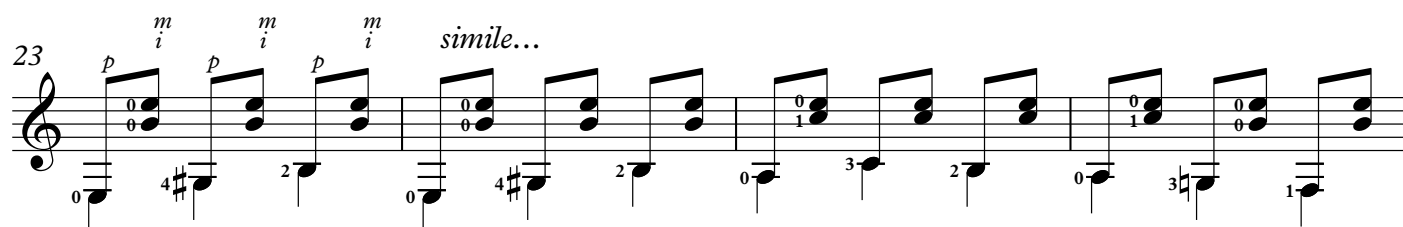
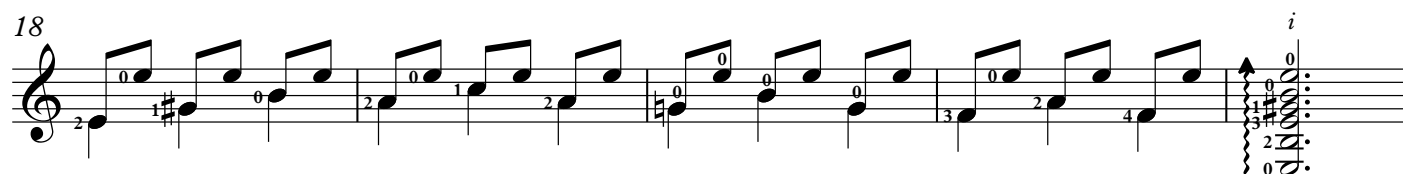
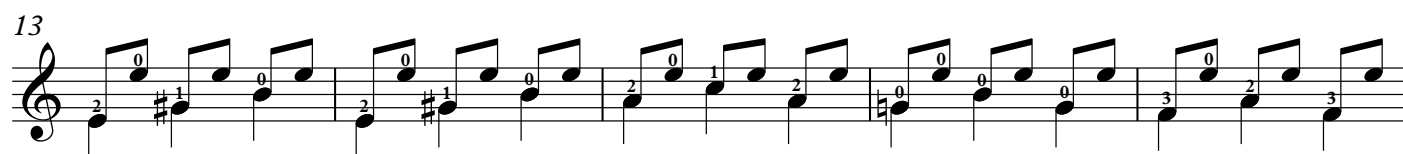
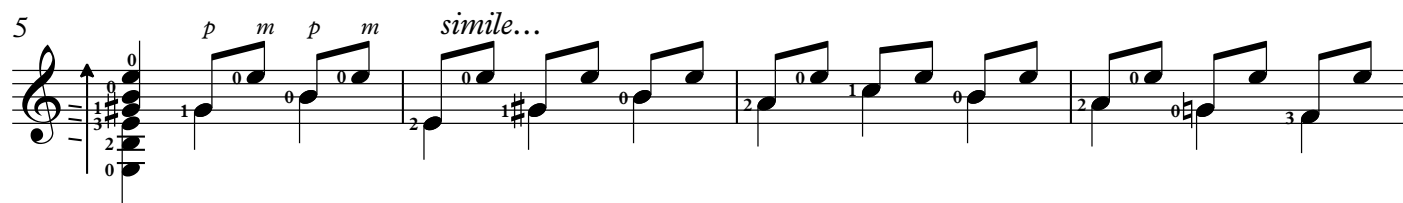
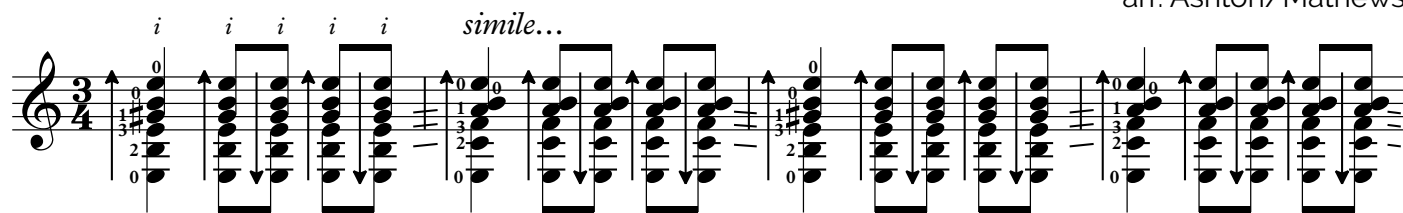
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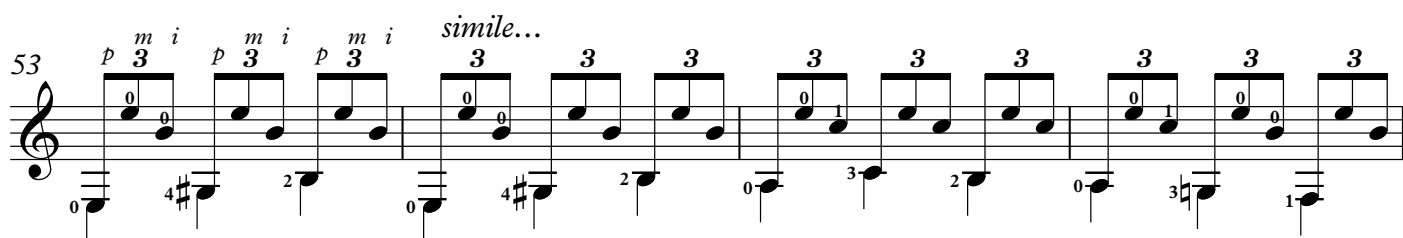
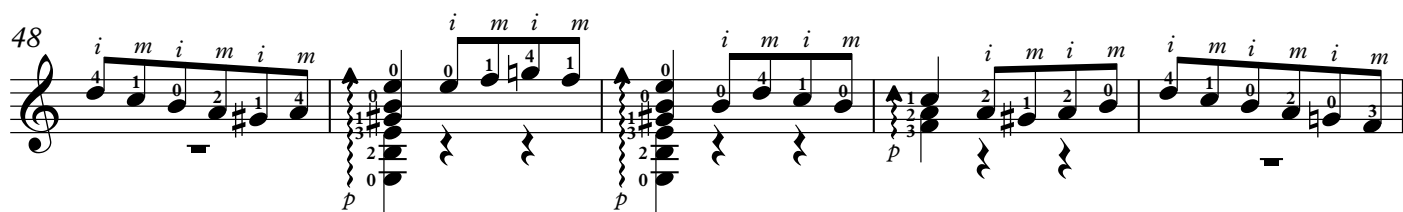
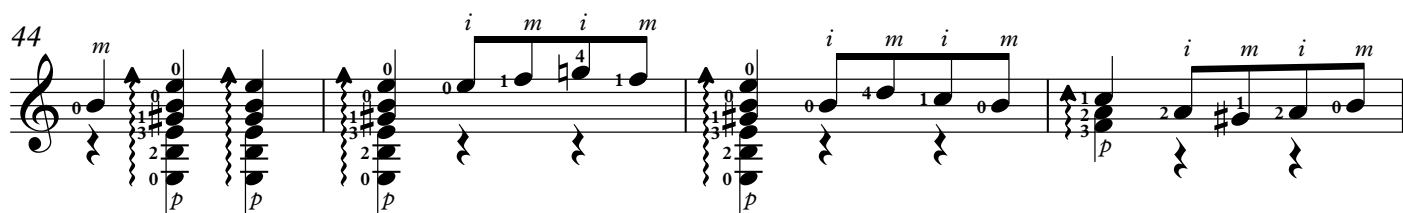
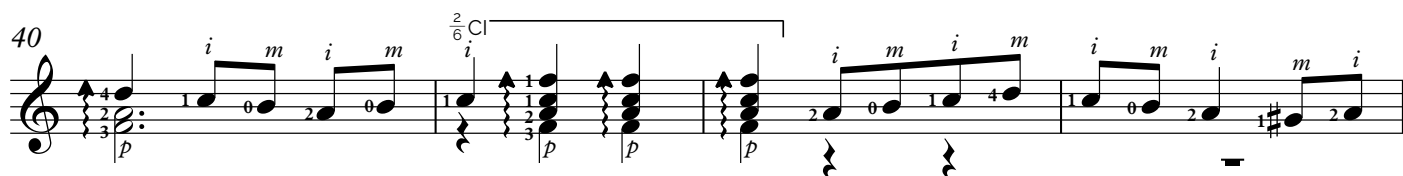
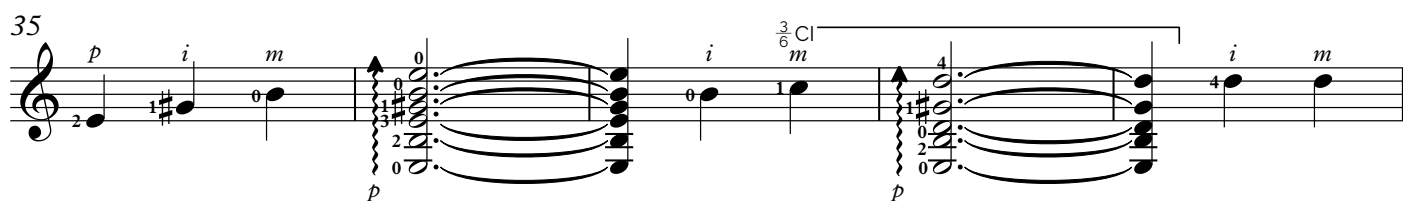
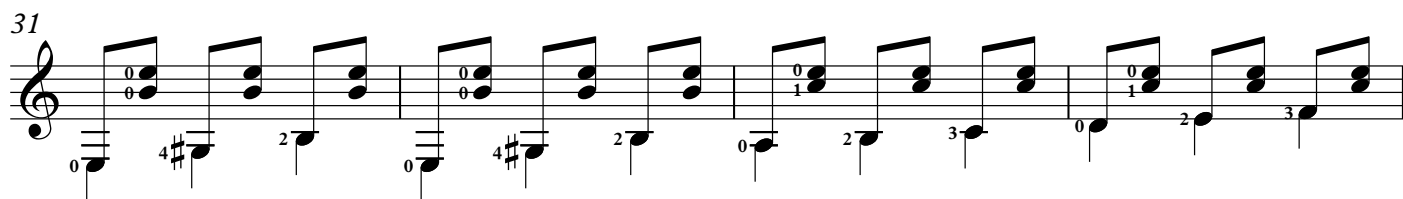
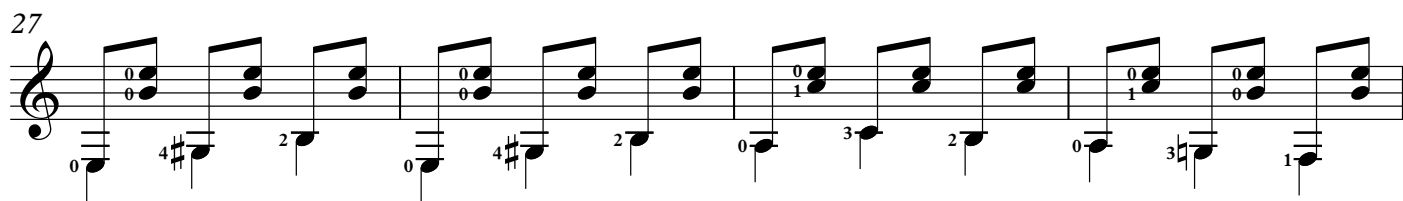
Malagueña

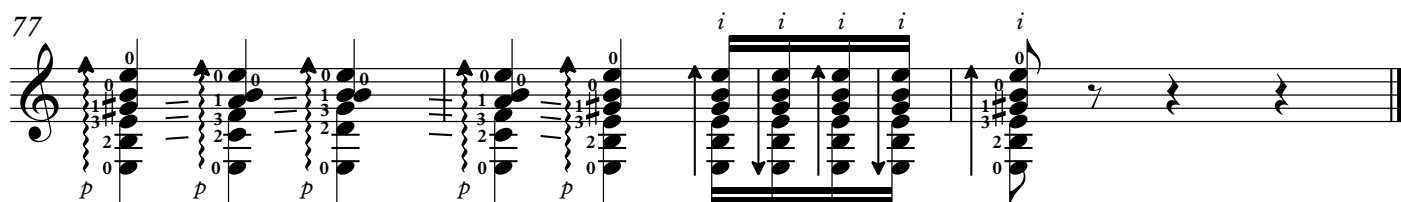
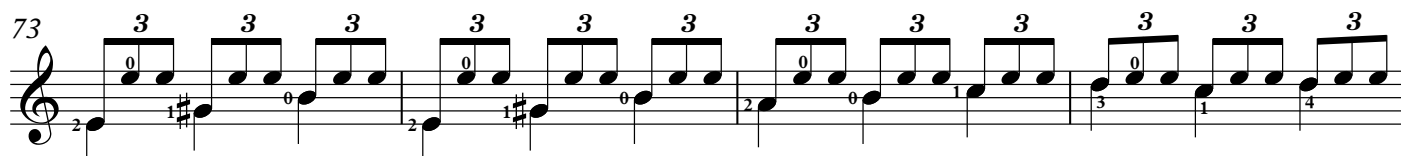
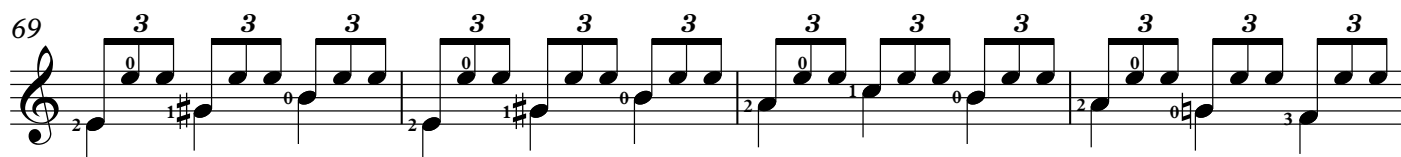
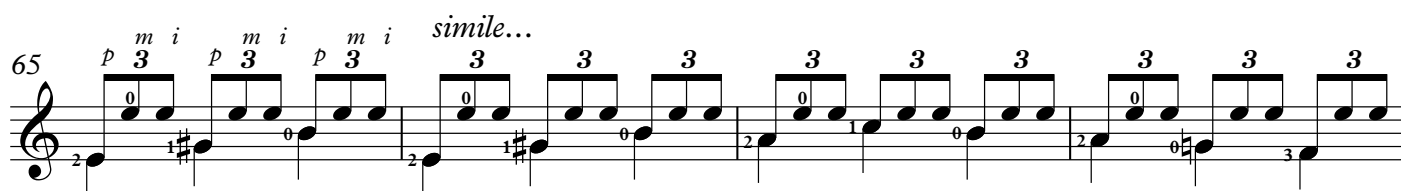
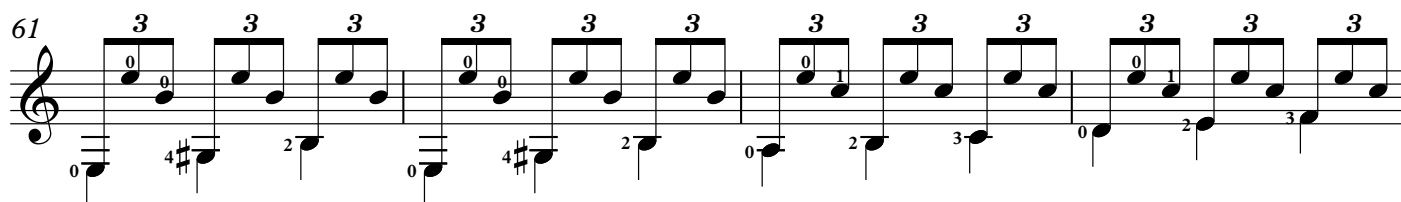
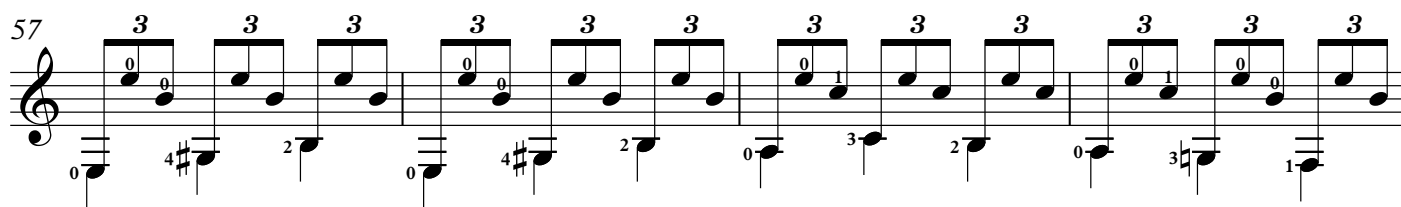
Ernesto Lecuona

(1895-1963)

arr. Ashton/Mathews







Spanish Romance

Anonymous

Moderato

a m i a m i a m i a m i a m i simile...

5 *3/6 CV*

9 *6/6 CVII*

13 *a m i a m i a m i a* **Fine**

17 *a m i a m i a m i a m i a m i simile...* ②

21 *6/6 CVII* *3/6 CIX*

25 $\frac{3}{6}$ CIX $\frac{3}{6}$ CV

D.C. al Fine

29 $\frac{5}{6}$ CII

Habanera

from *Carmen*

Georges Bizet
(1838-1875)

Allegretto quasi Andantino

Intro

pizzicato-----

nat. 4-#3

L'a - mour

Verse

5

est un oi-seau re - bel - le que nul ne peut ap - pri - voi - ser, et c'est

9

bien ea vain qu'on l'ap - pel - le, s'il lui con - vien! de re - fu - ser! Rien n'y

Verse

13

fait, me-nace ou pri - è - re l'un par - le bien, l'au - tre se tait; et c'est

17

golpe-----

l'au-tre que je pré - fè - re il n'a ricn dit, mais il me plait.

Chorus

21

golpe-----

golpe-----

golpe-----

pizzicato-----

L'a - mour! L'a - mour!

Verse

Verse

[illegible]

Sulian Areas
(1832-1882)

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in 3/4 time. It consists of six staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature of 3/4. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The lyrics are written above the notes, and the fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The first staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The third staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The fourth staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The fifth staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The sixth staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The first staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The third staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The fourth staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The fifth staff has a measure rest at the beginning. The sixth staff has a measure rest at the beginning.

[illegible]

arm XII

49

m *i* *m* *a* *m* *a* *m* *i* *m* *i* *p* *p* *m* *i* *p* *i* *p* *m* *i*

52

m *i* *p* *i* *p* *p* *m* *i* *p* *p* *i* *p* *m* *i* *i* *a* *m* *i* *a* *m* *i* *a* *m* *i*

$\frac{3}{6}$ CV

Detailed description: This musical score is for guitar, spanning measures 49 to 52. It is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation includes various fingerings (numbers 1-4) and articulations (accents, slurs). Measure 49 starts with a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C) and continues with a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. Measure 50 features a half note (F#) and a quarter note (A), followed by a series of eighth notes. Measure 51 begins with a half note (F#) and a quarter note (A), followed by a series of eighth notes. Measure 52 starts with a half note (F#) and a quarter note (A), followed by a series of eighth notes. The score concludes with a final chord (F#, A, C) and a double bar line.

Sevillana

Allegretto (♩ = 160)

Severino García Fortea
(c.1854 - 1931)

The musical score for "Sevillana" is written for guitar in 3/4 time with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo is marked "Allegretto" with a quarter note equal to 160 beats per minute. The score consists of six staves of music, each containing a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The notation includes various guitar-specific elements:

- Fingering:** Numbers 0, 1, 2, 3 are placed above or below notes to indicate fingerings.
- Breath Marks:** Slanted lines above notes indicate where to breathe.
- Natural Harmonics:** Symbols like "CII", "4/6 CII", and "4/6 CII" are placed above notes to indicate natural harmonics.
- Accents:** Slanted lines above notes indicate accents.
- Triplets:** Groups of three notes are bracketed together with a "3" above them.
- Circle 3:** A circled "3" is used to indicate a triplet of eighth notes.

 The score is divided into measures by bar lines, with measure numbers 3, 5, 7, 9, and 11 indicated at the beginning of their respective staves.

13 $\frac{4}{6}$ CII $\frac{4}{6}$ CII

staccato di canto

15 $\frac{4}{6}$ CII CII $\frac{4}{6}$ CII ②

17 $\frac{4}{6}$ CII 3 $\frac{4}{6}$ CII 3

19 $\frac{4}{6}$ CII 3 $\frac{4}{6}$ CII 3

21 $\frac{3}{6}$ CII HB I → HB II → HB I ③

23 $\frac{5}{6}$ CII 3 $\frac{5}{6}$ CII 3

25 ② m a m i m i 3 3

27

29

31

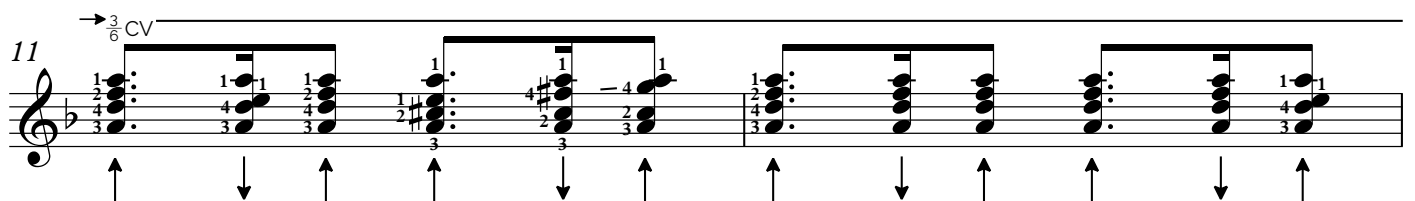
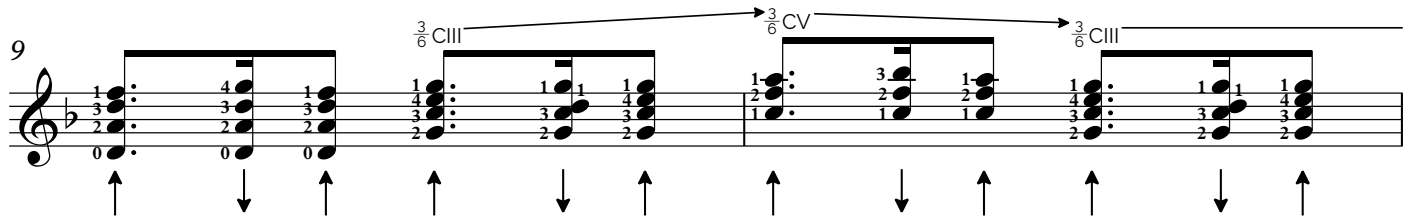
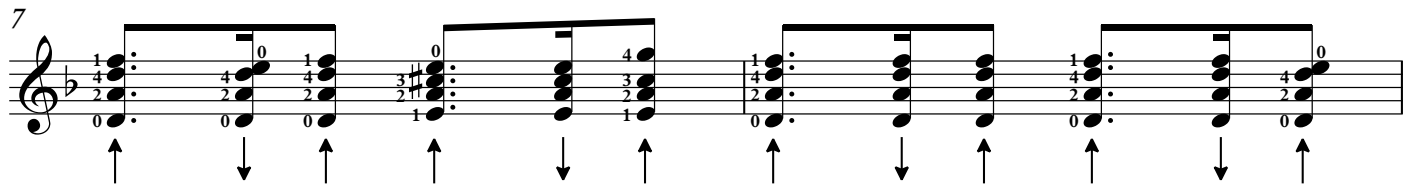
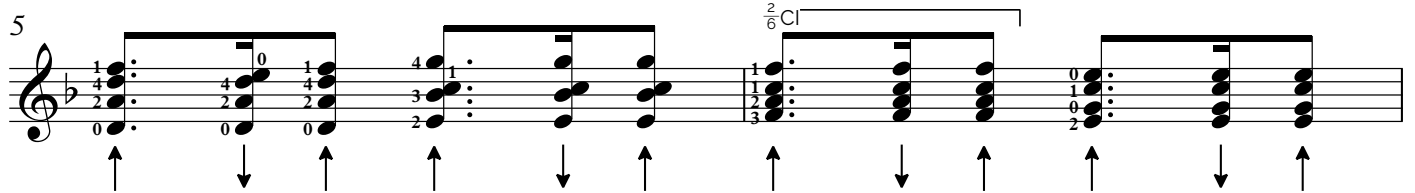
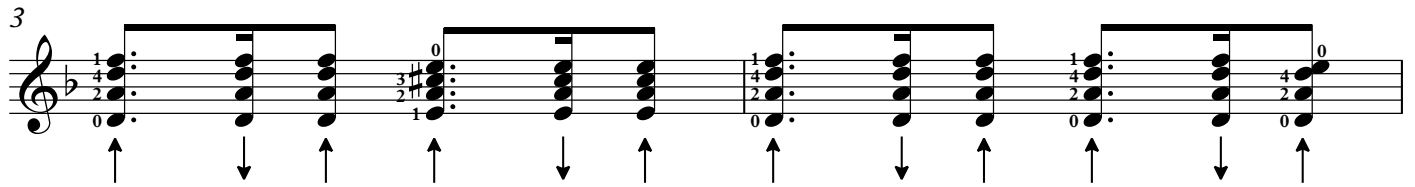
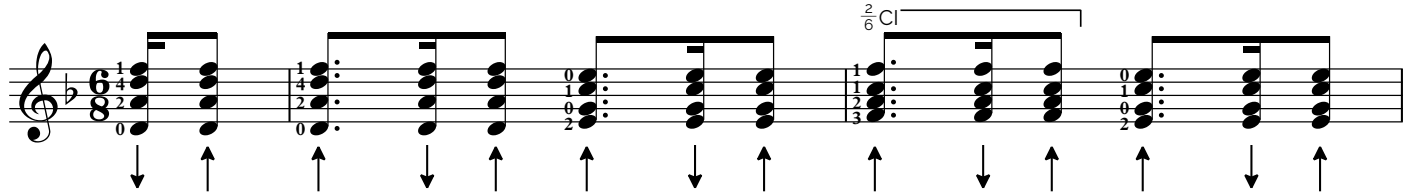
33

35

37

Tarantela

Santiago de Murcia
(1673 - 1739)



13 $\frac{3}{6}$ CV $\frac{4}{6}$ CV $\frac{3}{6}$ CV ①

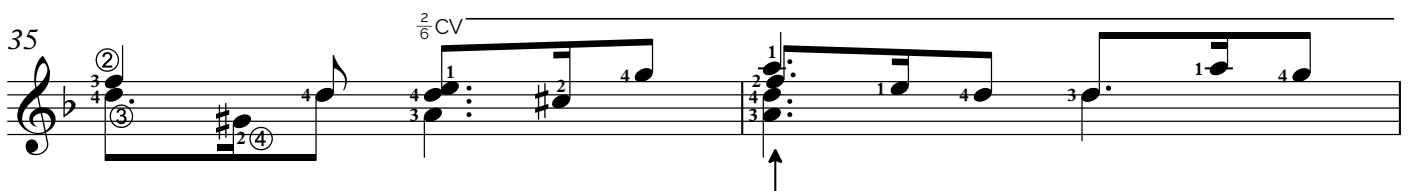
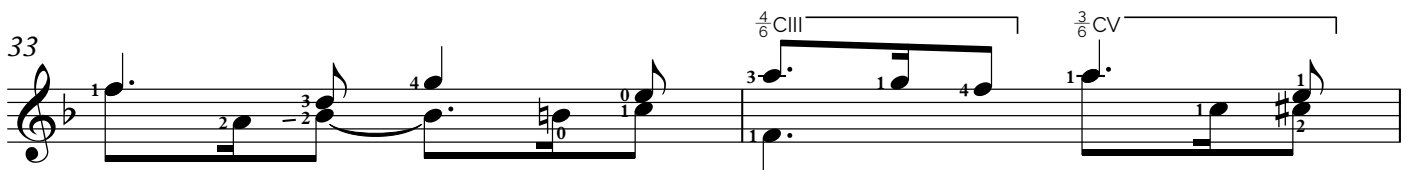
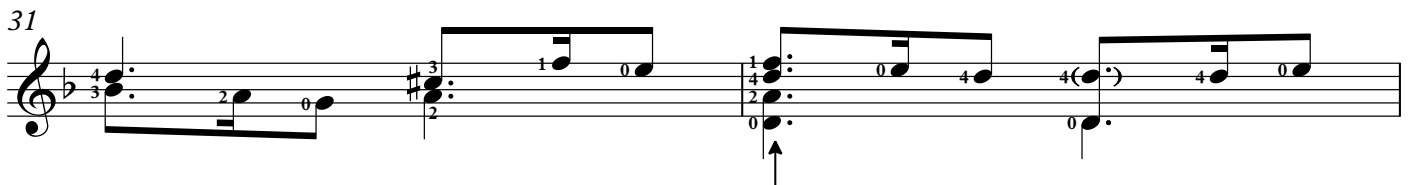
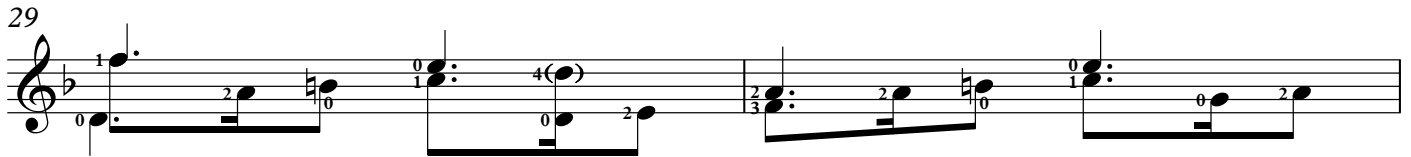
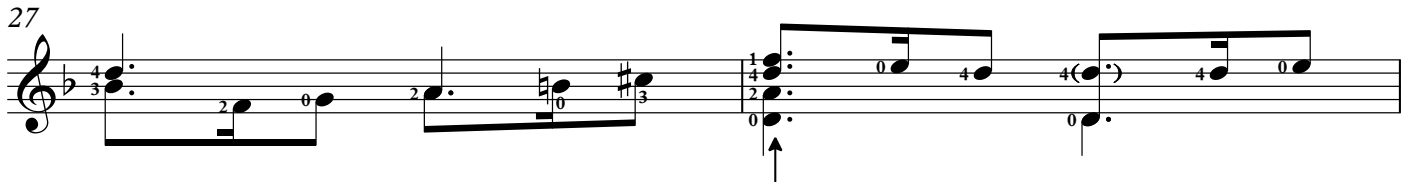
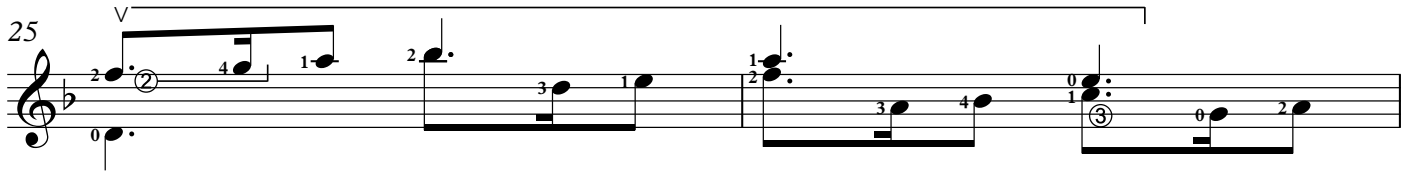
15 ① $\frac{4}{6}$ CII

17 1-4-1 *tr* $\frac{4}{6}$ CIII

19 *m* *i* *a* *m* *i* *p*

21

23 1-4-1 *tr*



37 $\frac{2}{6}$ CVI $\frac{2}{6}$ CVIII

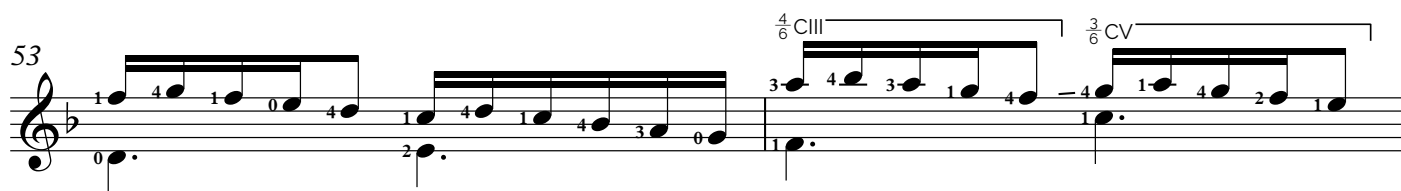
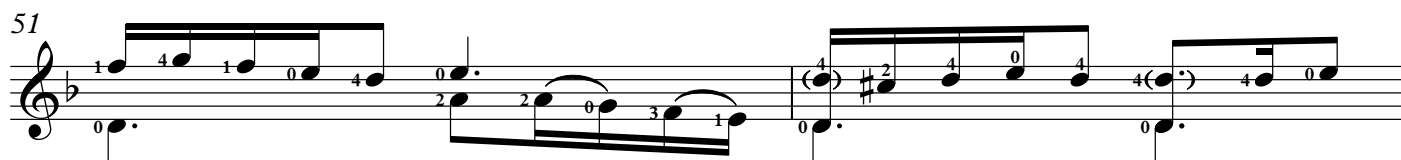
39 $\frac{2}{6}$ CVI $\frac{2}{6}$ CV

41 ① ② ③ *m i m i m* $\frac{3}{6}$ CIII

43

45 $\frac{4}{6}$ CIII

47 *i m i m i* *m i a m i a* 1-4-1



Fandango

Santiago de Murcia
(1673 - 1739)

The musical score is written for guitar in 3/4 time, featuring a mix of chords and melodic lines. The notation includes various fingering numbers (1-4) and breath marks (arrows). The score is divided into six systems, each containing measures 1 through 24.

Measure 1: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 2: Chord $\frac{4}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3 4, breath mark up.

Measure 3: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 4: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 5: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 6: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 7: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 8: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 9: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 10: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 11: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 12: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 13: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 14: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 15: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 16: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 17: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 18: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 19: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

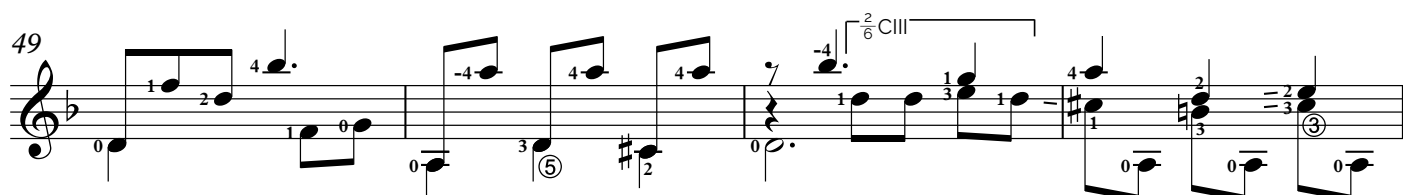
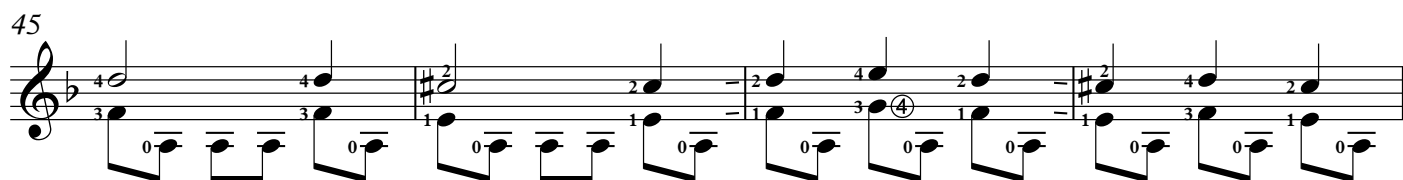
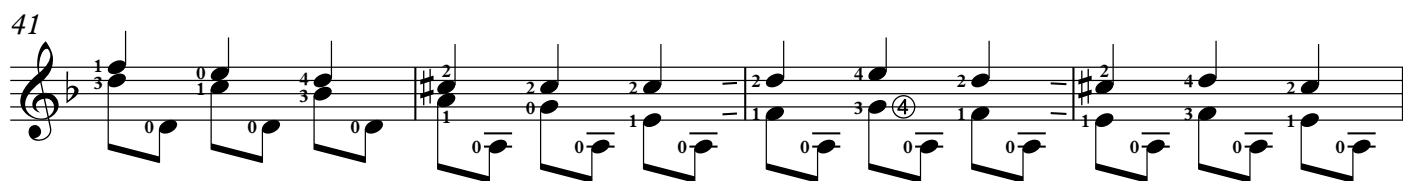
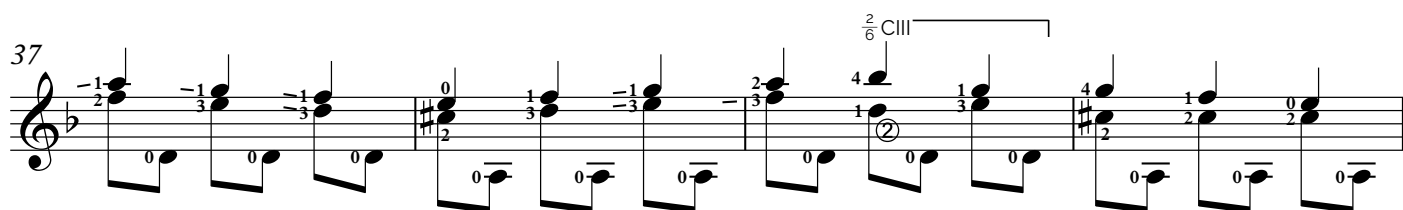
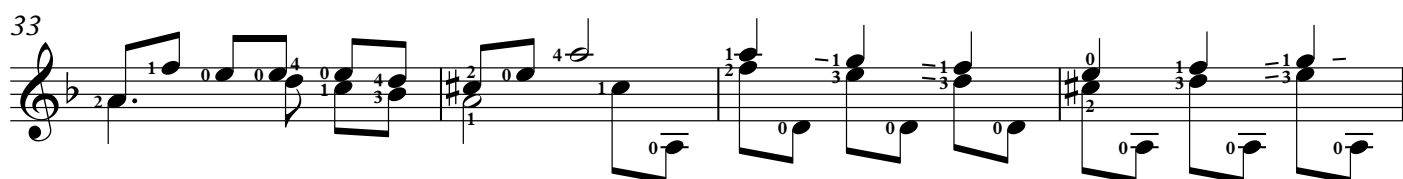
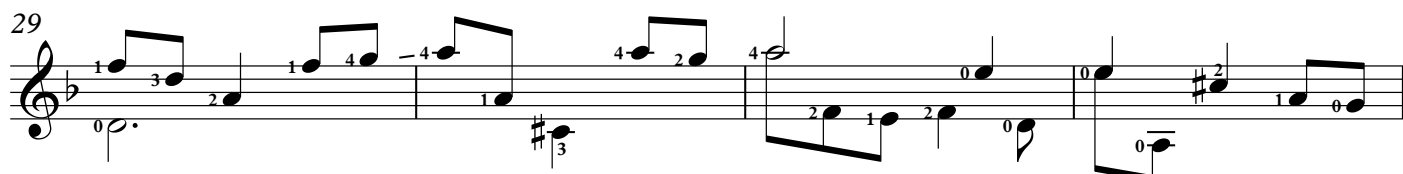
Measure 20: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 21: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 22: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 23: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.

Measure 24: Chord $\frac{3}{6}$ CV, fingering 1 2 3, breath mark up.



53

57

61

65

68

71

74

i m i m i m i

Guajiras Cubanas

Severino Garcia Fortea
(c.1854 - 1931)

Moderato

⑥ = D

3/6 CII

4/6 CV

3/6 CVII

5

3/6 CII

3/6 CII

9

3/6 CIII

3/6 CVII

3/6 CII

14

4/6 CII

4/6 CII

18

(4/6 CII)

pizz.-----

22

(pizz.)-----

4/6 CII

4/6 CII

26

(pizz.)-----

30

Example 10

34

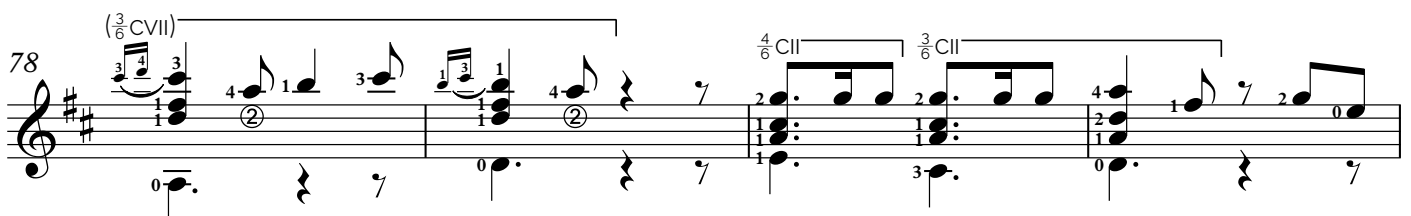
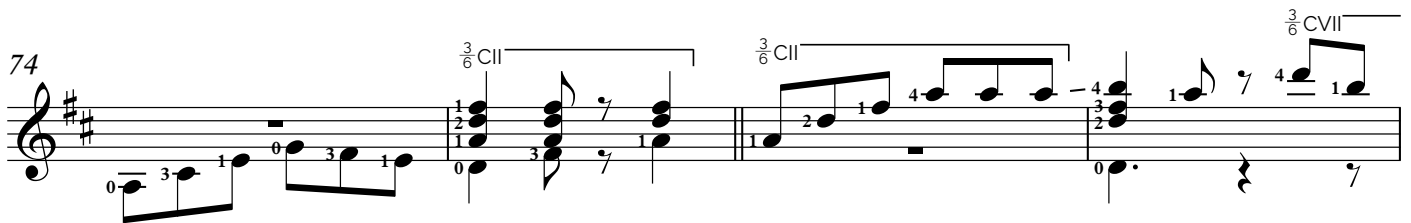
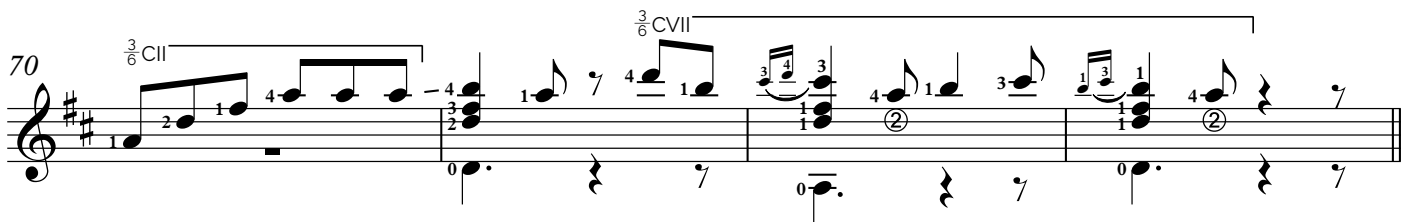
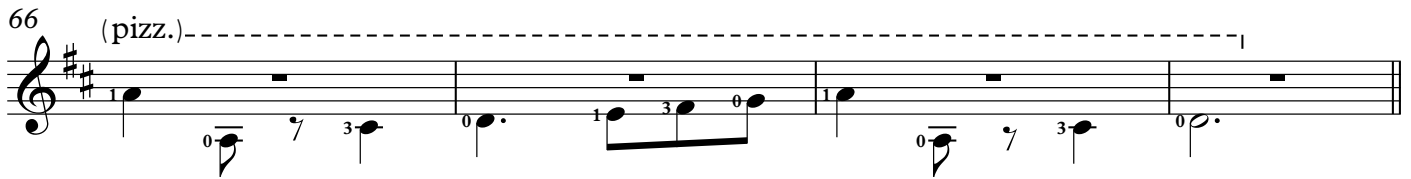
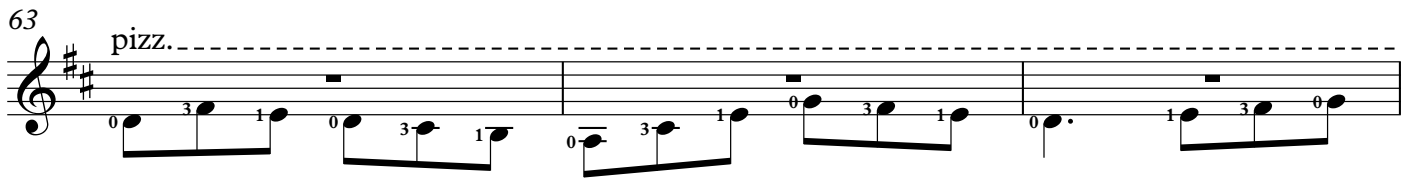
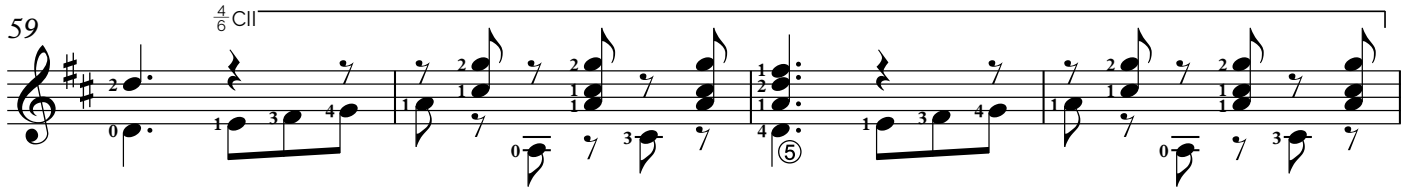
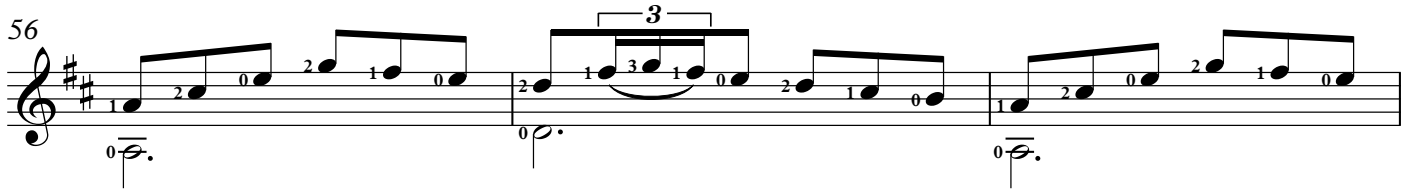
3/6 CII

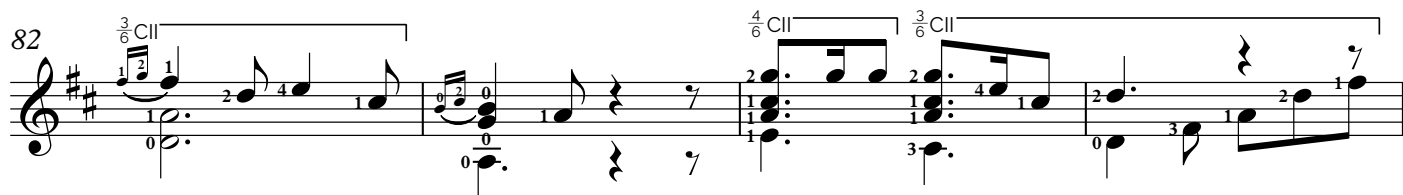
The musical score for '34' is written in G major (one sharp) and 3/6 time. It consists of two staves. The treble staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bass staff begins with a bass clef. The piece starts with a whole rest in the treble and an eighth-note G4 in the bass, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. A double bar line appears after the first measure. The second measure is marked with a '3/6 CII' time signature and features a complex fingering pattern with numbers 1, 2, 3, and 0. The piece continues with more complex fingering and a final measure ending with a whole note G4 in the treble and a whole note G3 in the bass.

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

53

0. 1. 4. 1. 2. 7. 0. 1. 2. 1. 2. 0. 1. 2. 3. 7. 1. 0.





Boleras

Moderato ma con brio

Anonymous

3/6 CII

4

7

10

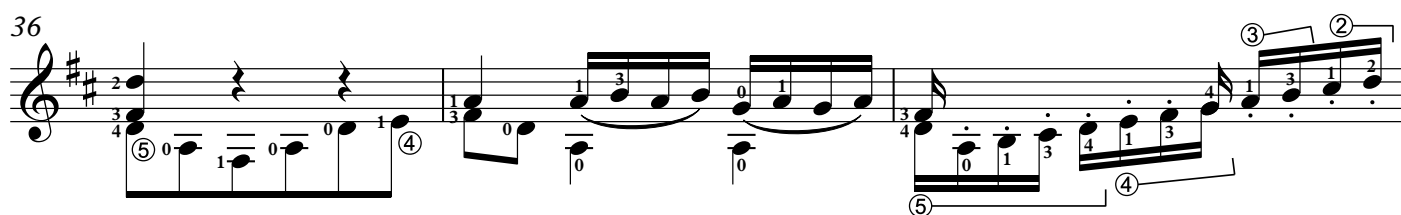
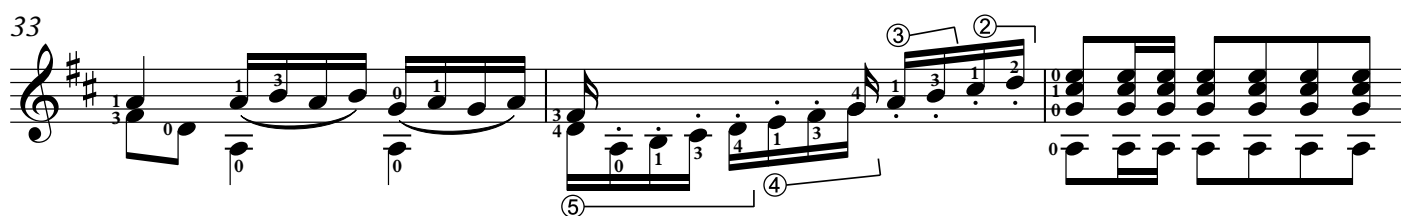
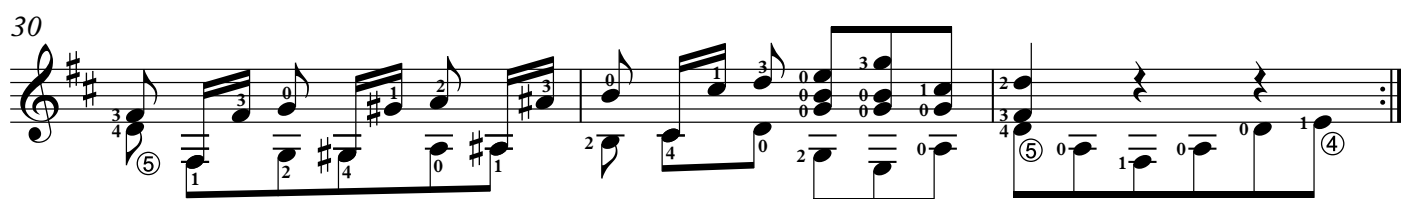
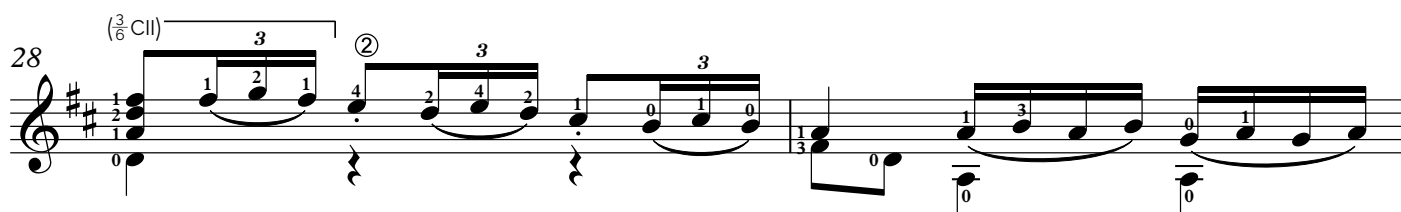
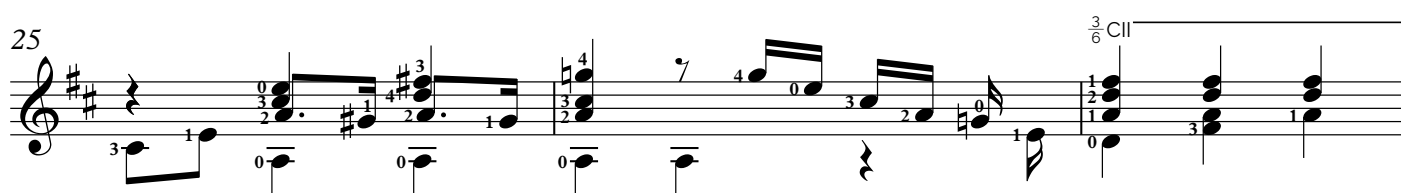
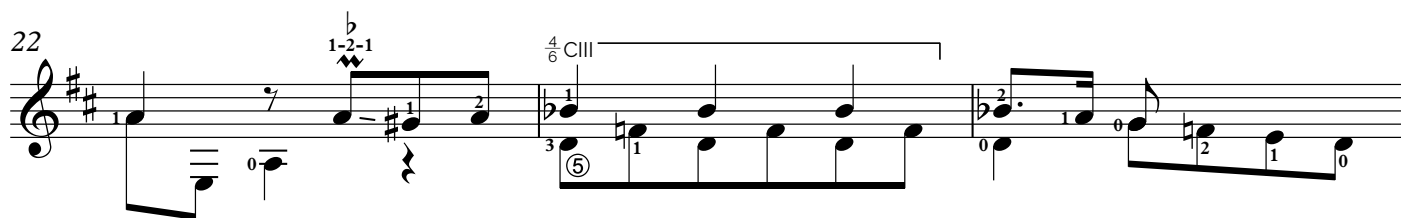
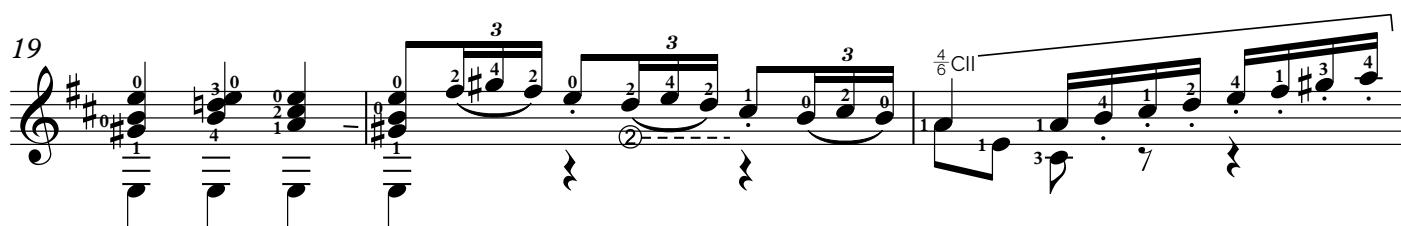
13

16

2-4-2

6/6 CII

p i m



39

2-4-2

$\frac{6}{6}$ CII

42

$\frac{6}{6}$ CII

45

$\frac{4}{6}$ CII

48

$\frac{4}{6}$ CIII

51

$\frac{3}{6}$ CII

54

$\frac{3}{6}$ CII

56

Tirana

Anonymous

Andantino grazioso

4

7

10

13

16

Musical score for Example 6-10, measures 19-28. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and fingerings. Measure numbers 19 through 28 are indicated above the staff.

22

[illegible]

28

4 2 1 0

$\frac{2}{6}$ Cl

0 4 3 2 1

0 1 0

0

35

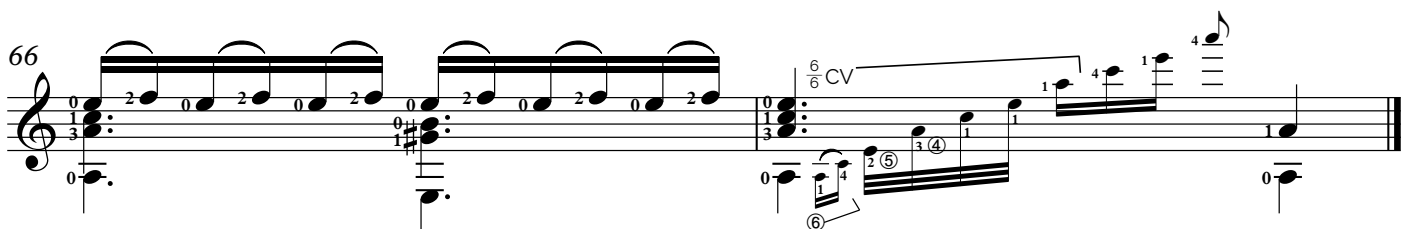
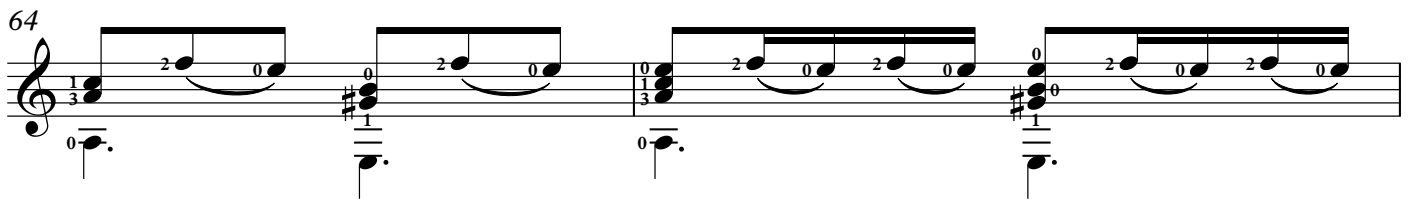
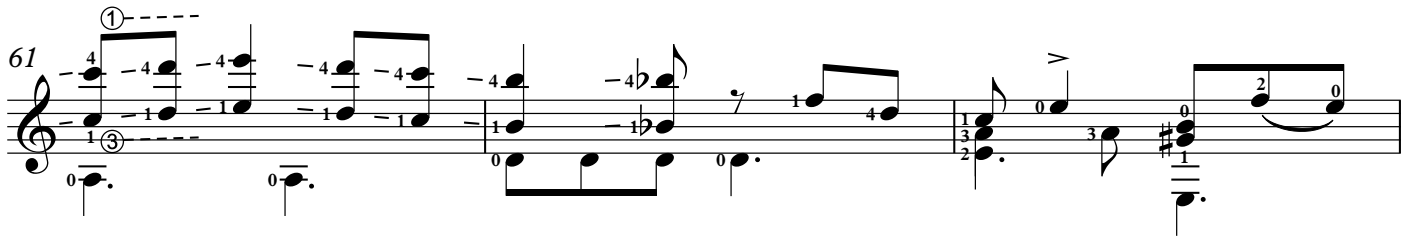
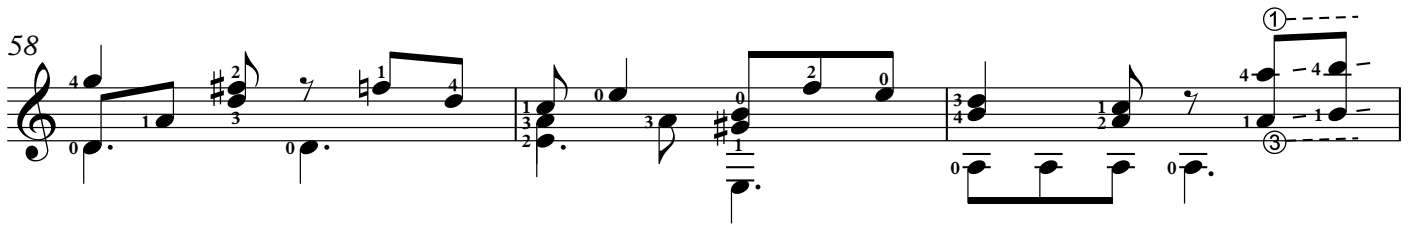
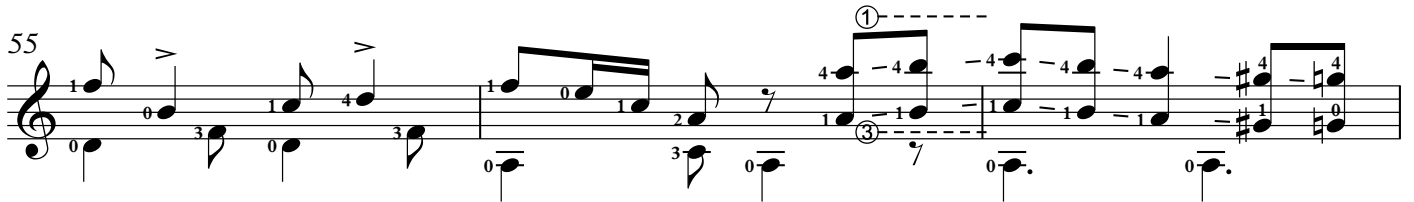
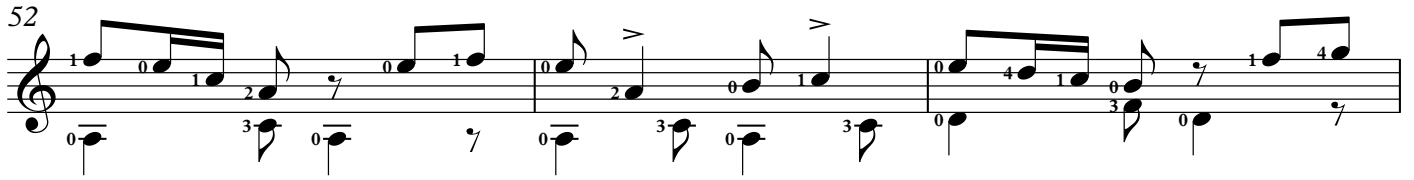
38

41

44

47

49



Practice Tips

The 7 Steps to Learn Any Piece

1. Make small sections
2. Know all the notes and musical markings
3. Clap and count the rhythm aloud
4. Play the right hand alone, counting aloud
5. Play the left hand alone, counting aloud
6. Play hands together, pausing when needed (no mistakes, counting aloud)
7. Play hands together in rhythm, with a slow metronome, counting aloud

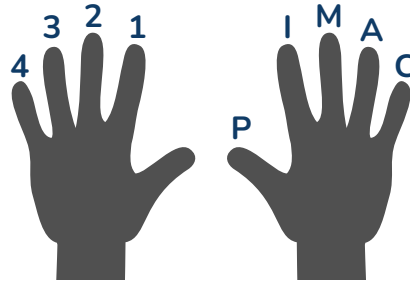
Musical Expression Starting Points

1. Know which notes are melody (probably stems up), and play the others quieter
2. Connect melody notes smoothly (no gaps)
3. When a musical line or melody goes up in pitch, get quieter towards the top (opposite at climaxes)
4. Don't let the high notes stand out (any note higher than those before and after)
5. When a melody or musical line goes down in pitch, get louder to create forward momentum
6. Repeated notes get louder (start quiet if you need to)
7. Before slowing down or speeding up (rubato), master it at a steady pace

Tips for Good Practice

1. For tricky spots, describe the problem in detail: Where, what, how? Ask, "What's going on here?"
2. Memorize every piece (even if you don't, you'll learn it faster if you try)
3. Have a clear purpose and goal for each repetition (rote repetition is lazy practice)
4. Record yourself often. Listen or watch to decide what to practice next

Fingering Notations



Hello!



Hi, I'm Allen Mathews.

As a teacher who's helped thousands of classical guitarists, I'm delighted to share this sheet music with you.

Many players struggle with playing fluently and error-free. The methods here have helped many move from stale, plodding practice to more vibrant and engaged music-making.

As a beloved mentor liked to say, "*How you practice is how you play!*"

Strong fundamentals define your playing at every level. For guitarists seeking a different approach to the craft of classical guitar, my program offers a uniquely structured way to fill any gaps, polish your playing, and ensure steady progress.

[Click here to transform your playing.](#)

Wishing you all the best in your music,
Allen Mathews

A blue ink signature of Allen Mathews.